



THE GLOSTEN ASSOCIATES
Consulting Engineers Serving the Marine Community

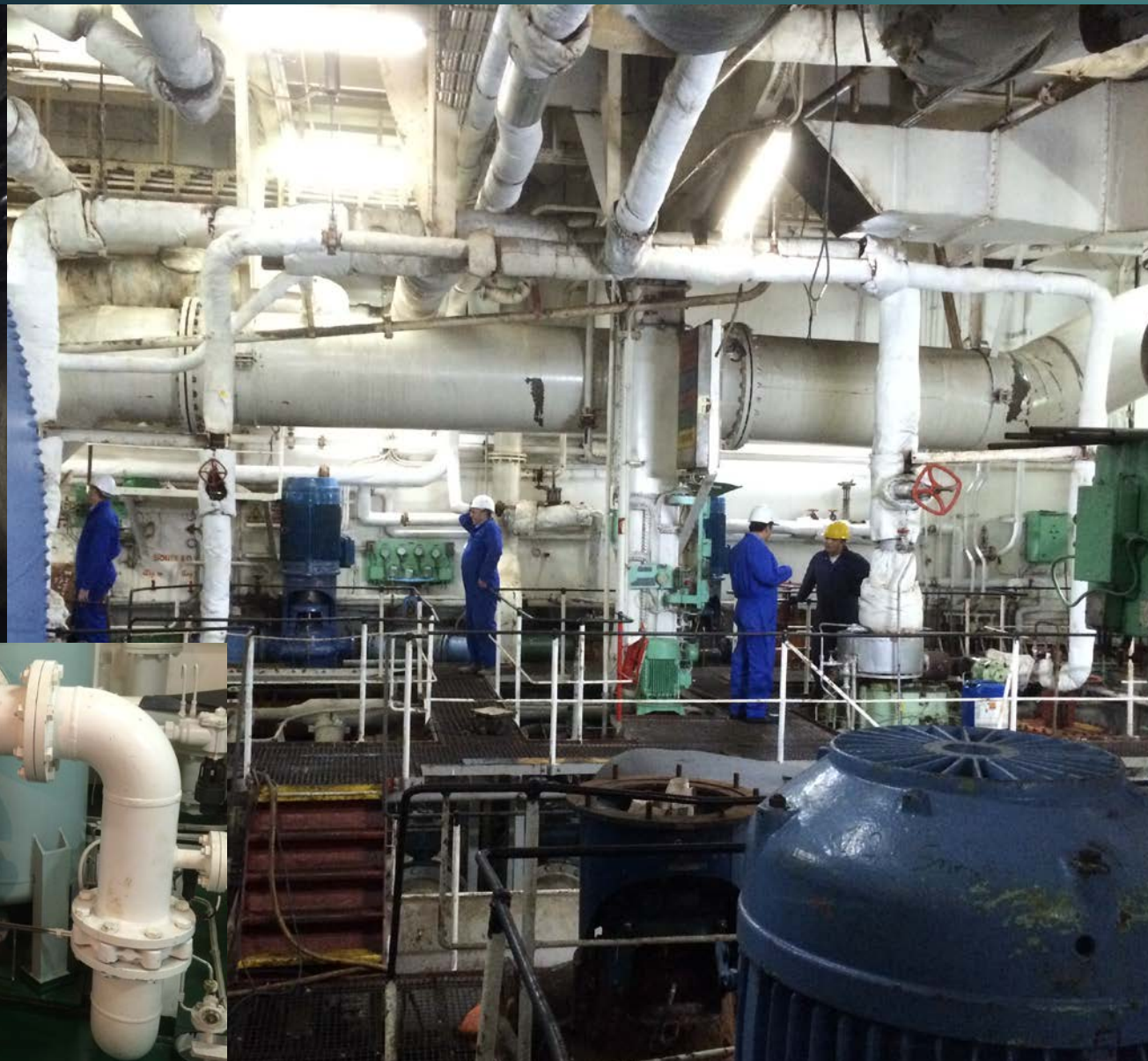
Ballast Water Risk Management Compliance Monitoring and Contingency Treatment

**Presented to:
Prevention First
8 October 2014, Long Beach, CA**

Presented by: Kevin J. Reynolds, PE, The Glosen Associates



Ballast Water Risk Management Compliance Monitoring and Contingency Measures





Ballast Water Risk Management Compliance Monitoring and Contingency Measures



\$40 Billion



Ballast Water Risk Management Compliance Monitoring and Contingency Measures

PROVEN
TREATMENT
TECHNOLOGY

Is there proven
technology for MY marine
vessel?

COMPLIANCE
MONITORING &
ENFORCEMENT

How do I (and Port State
Control) know that it is
really working?

CONTINGENCY
MEASURES

What do I (and Port State
Control) do if it isn't
working? M&R Issue,
Technology Issue, etc.

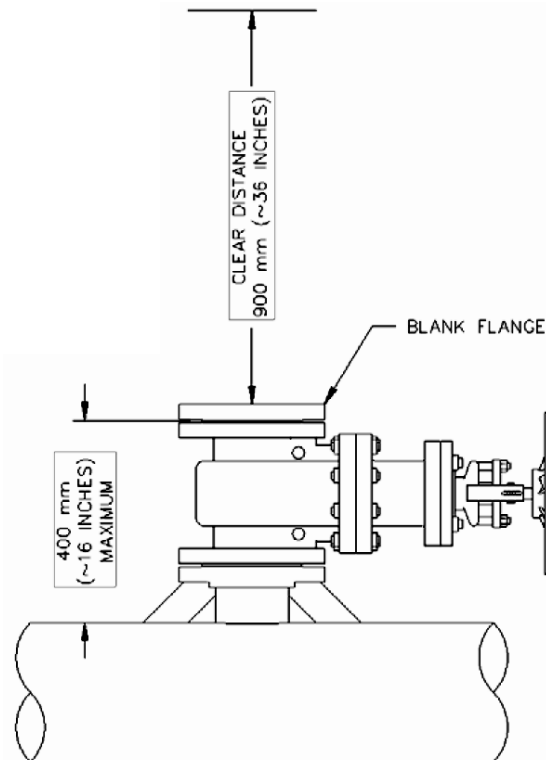
\$40 Billion



Ballast Water Risk Management Compliance Monitoring Overview

Pitot Insertion

- Established “standard” sample port as DIN 400 mm flange, fully ported valve, and blank flange. There is NO PITOT to corrode, foul, or break-off

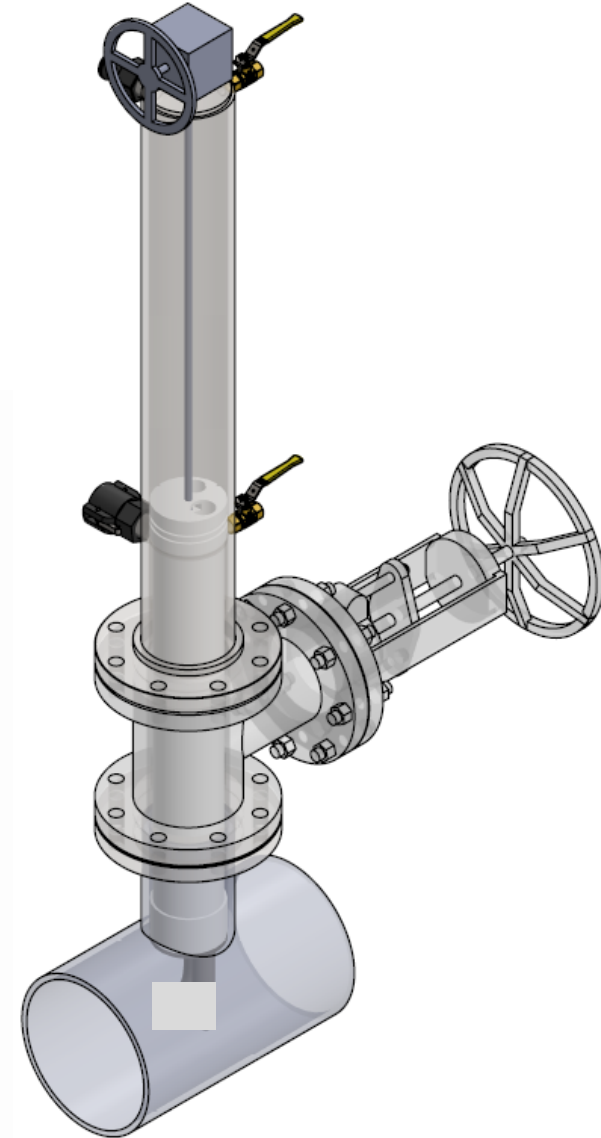
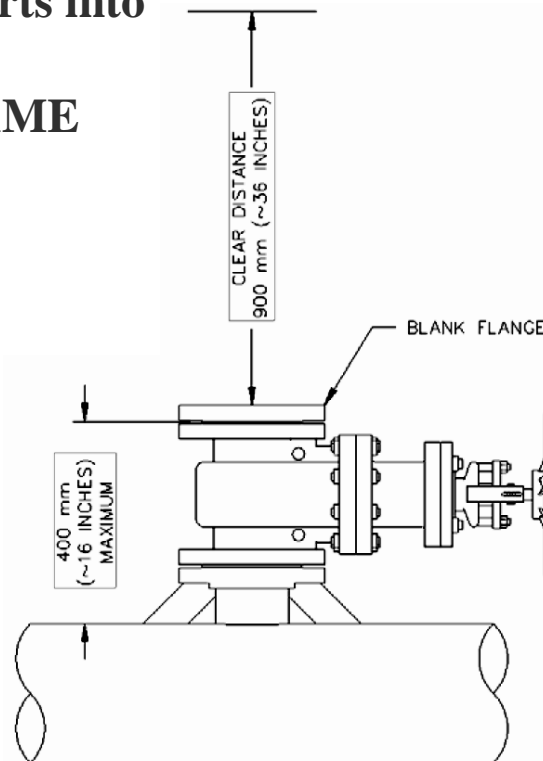




Ballast Water Risk Management Compliance Monitoring Overview

Pitot Insertion

- Established “standard” sample port as DIN 400 mm flange, fully ported valve, and blank flange. There is NO PITOT to corrode, foul, or break-off
- Portable device connects to flange, operator opens valve, pitot inserts into ballast water stream
- Sample RETURNS through SAME sample port

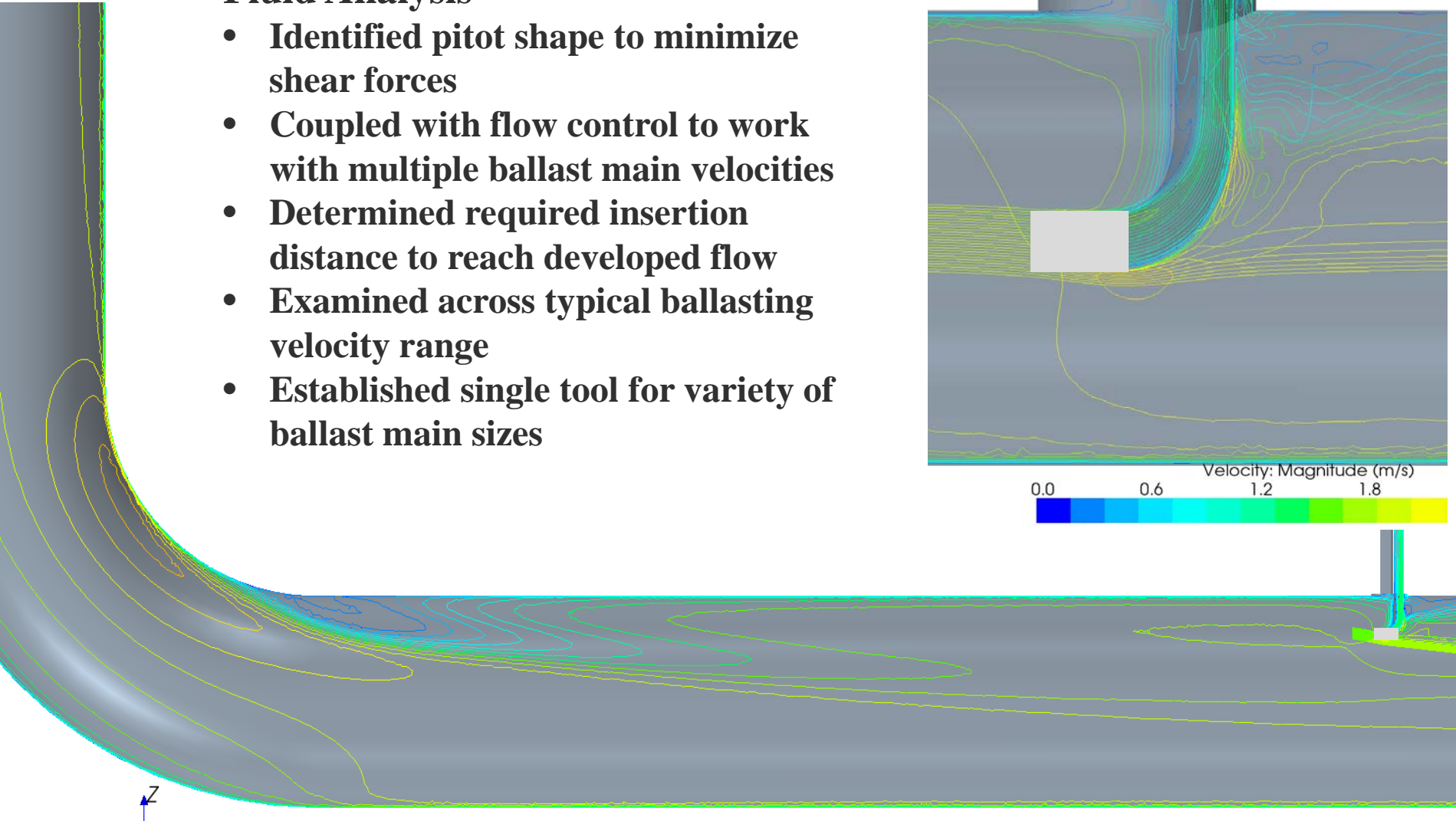
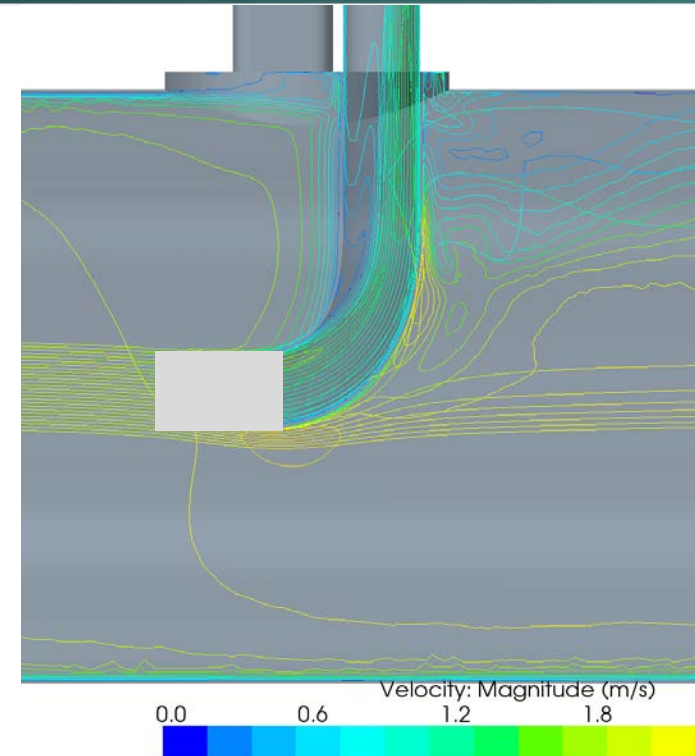




Ballast Water Risk Management Overview

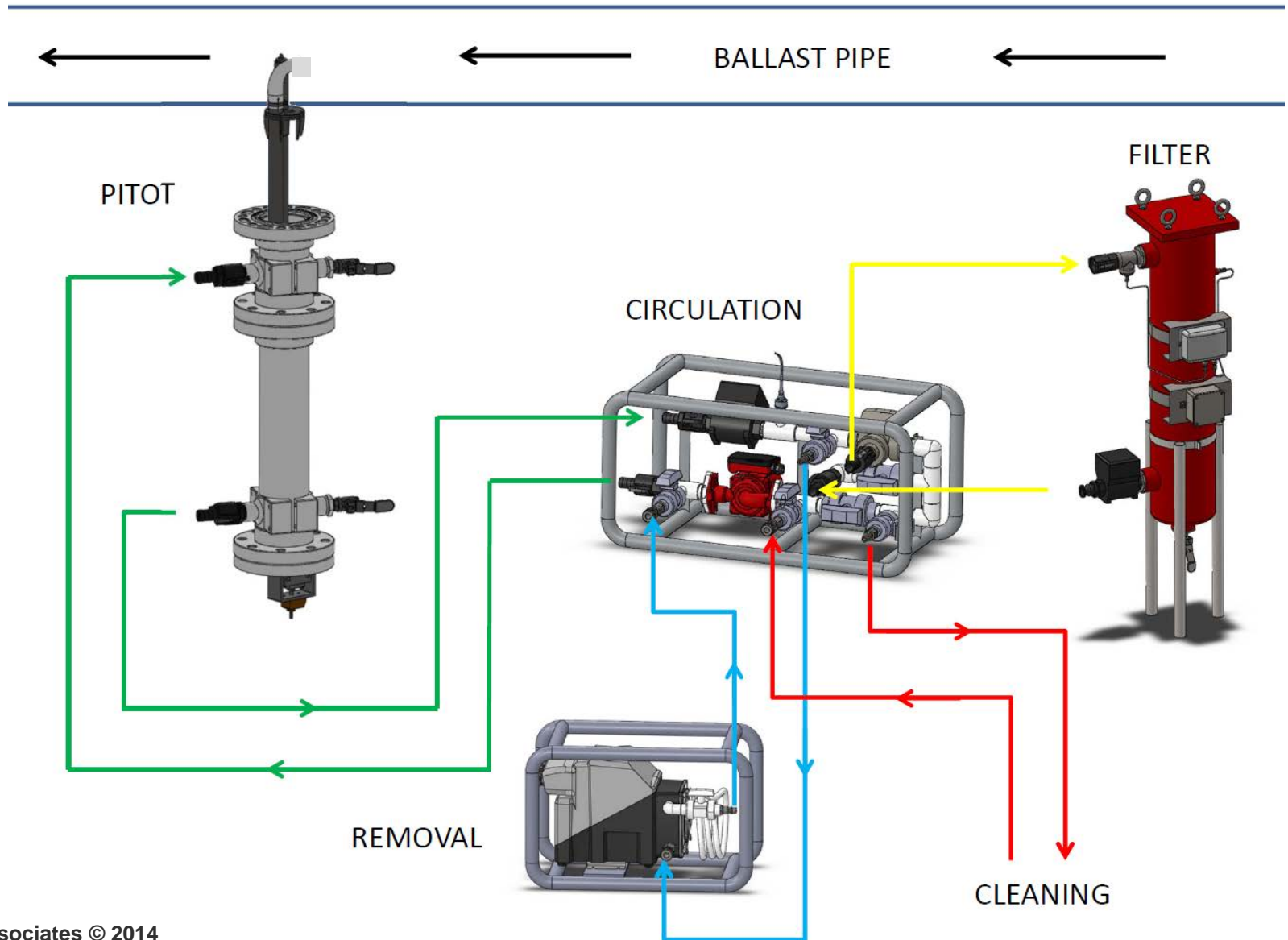
Fluid Analysis

- Identified pitot shape to minimize shear forces
- Coupled with flow control to work with multiple ballast main velocities
- Determined required insertion distance to reach developed flow
- Examined across typical ballasting velocity range
- Established single tool for variety of ballast main sizes





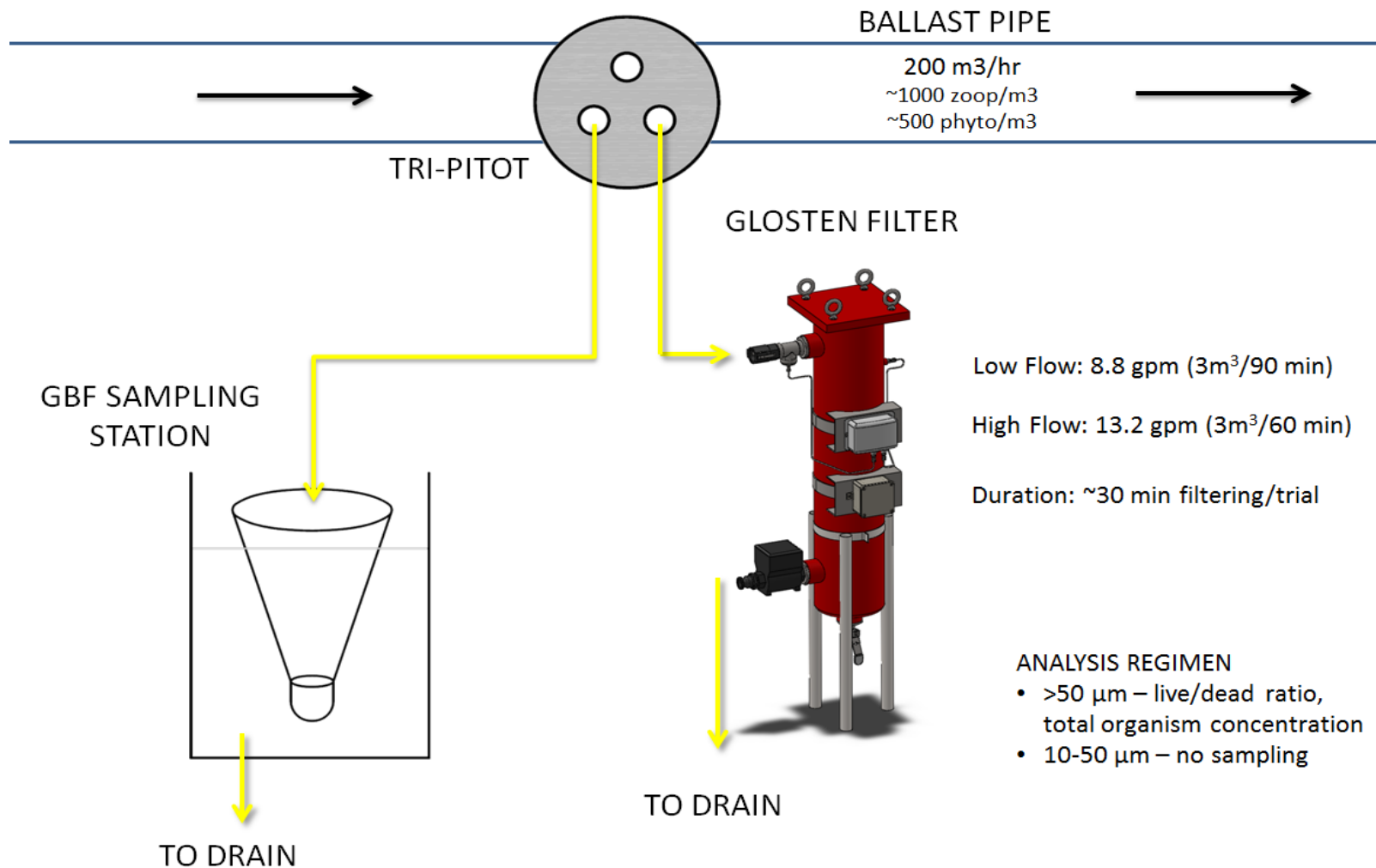
Ballast Water Risk Management Compliance Monitoring – Prototype





Ballast Water Risk Management Compliance Monitoring – Prototype

FILTER TESTING (3x replicates low flow, 3x replicates high flow)



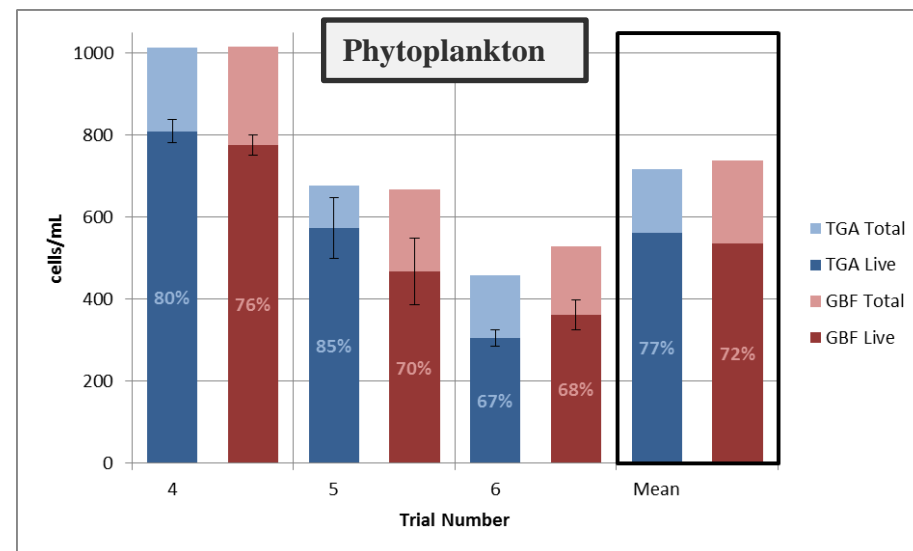
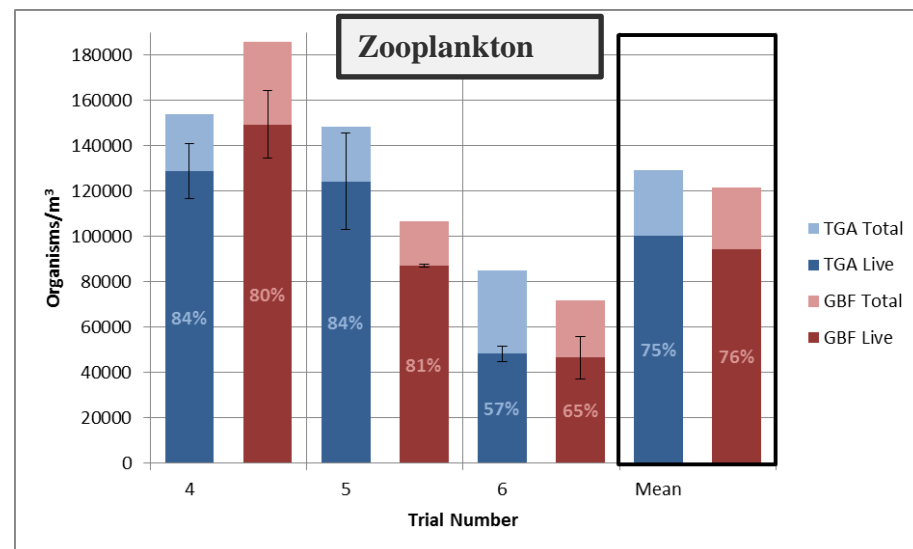
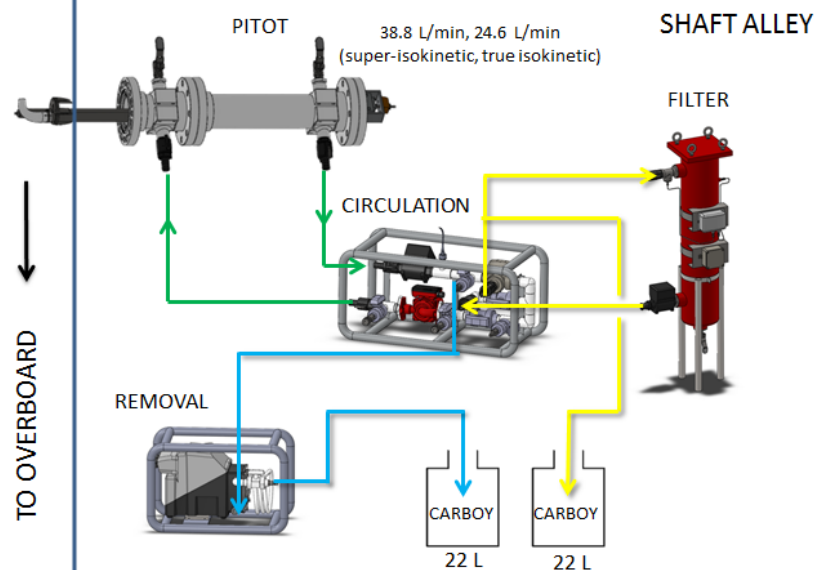
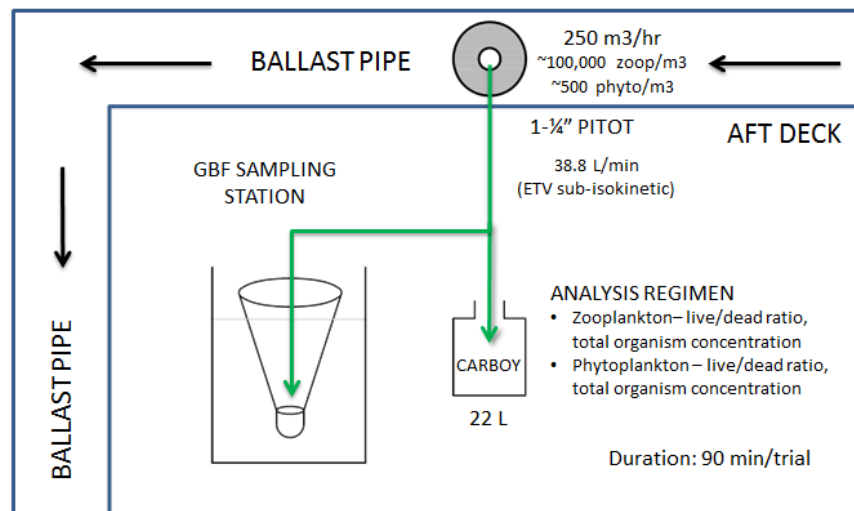


Compliance Monitor True Isokinetic

Results

- Zooplankton samples are comparable!
- Phytoplankton samples are comparable!

SYSTEM TESTING, AFT DECK AND SHAFT ALLEY



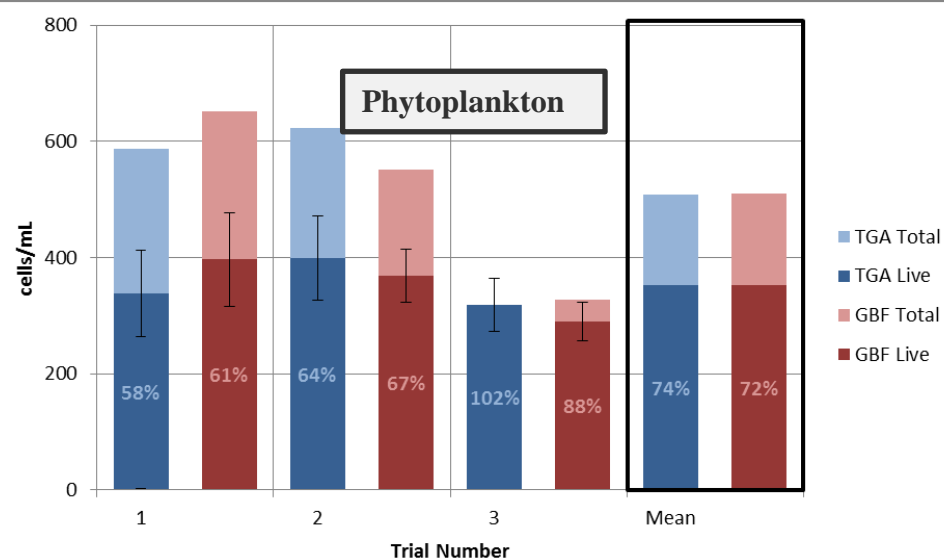
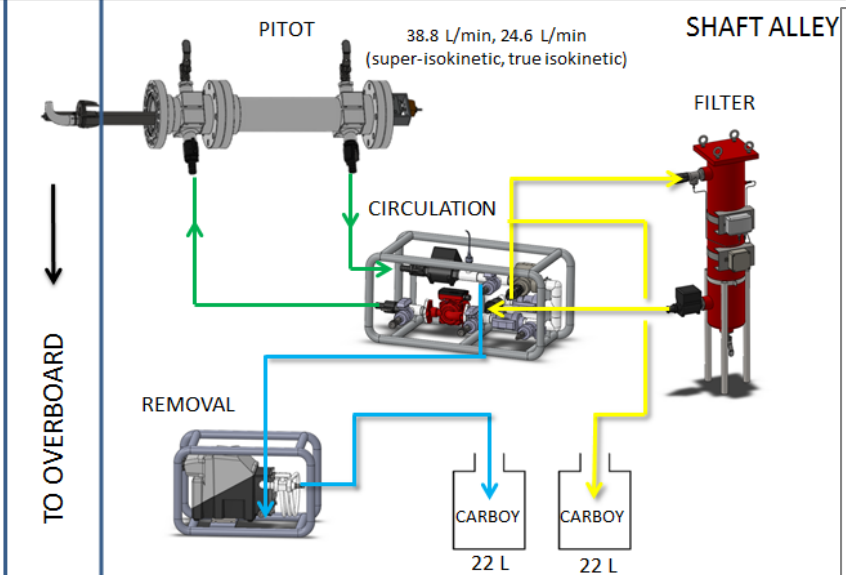
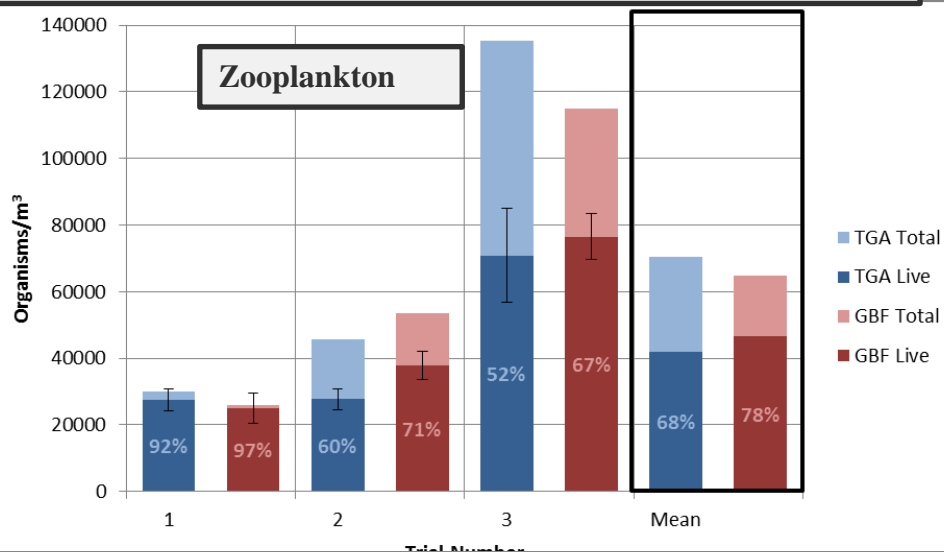
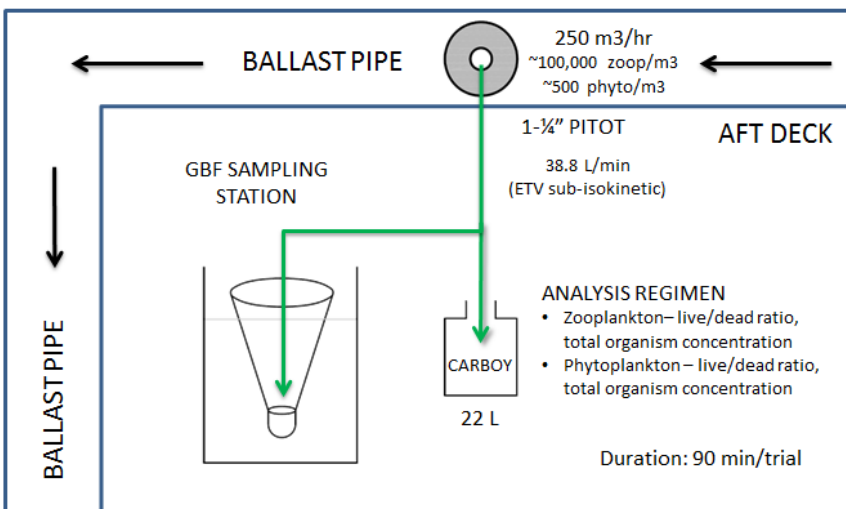


Compliance Monitor Super-isokinetic

Results

- Zooplankton mortality increased
- Phytoplankton samples are comparable!

SYSTEM TESTING, AFT DECK AND SHAFT ALLEY





Ballast Water Risk Management Compliance Monitoring

Next Steps

- **Smaller, Lighter, Simpler**
- **Smaller, Lighter, Simpler**

Program Details

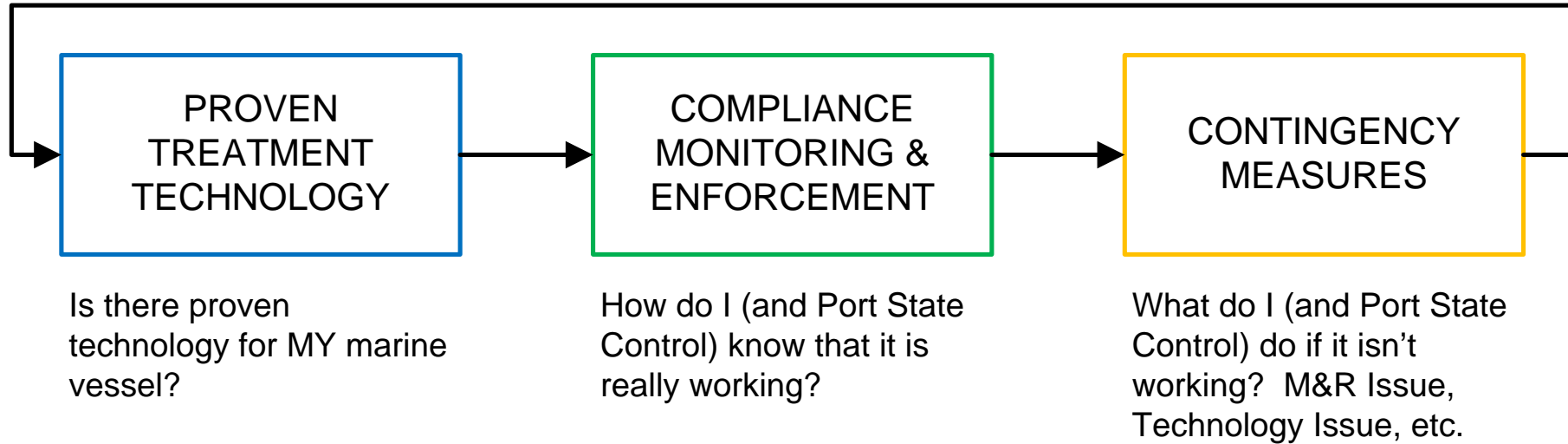
- **Sponsored by California State Lands Commission**
- **Design patented by Glosten Associates**
- **Tested in Summer/Fall 2013 at Golden Bear Facility by Moss Landing Marine Laboratory**

Findings

- **Current approach of pre-installing a pitot tube at the shipyard risks contaminated samples, corrosion, and even ballast system failures.**
- **It is only practical to be able to “hot-tap” the ballast water main. Need international cooperation to amend IMO G-2 Sampling Guidelines to outfit ships with a much simpler and standard 100 mm flange and valve for sampling**
- **Kit needs to be able to change sampling rate with the ballast water system, and gain an adequate sample in a short time**
- **Kit needs to return sampled water to the ballast water main**



Ballast Water Risk Management Overview





Contingency Measures

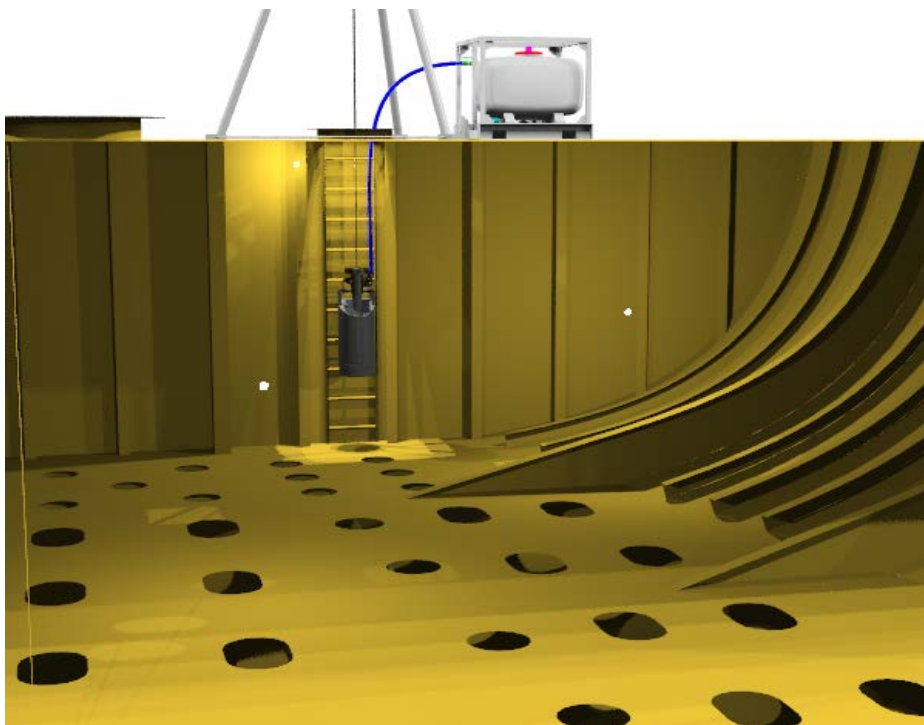
TRANSFER OFF-SHIP





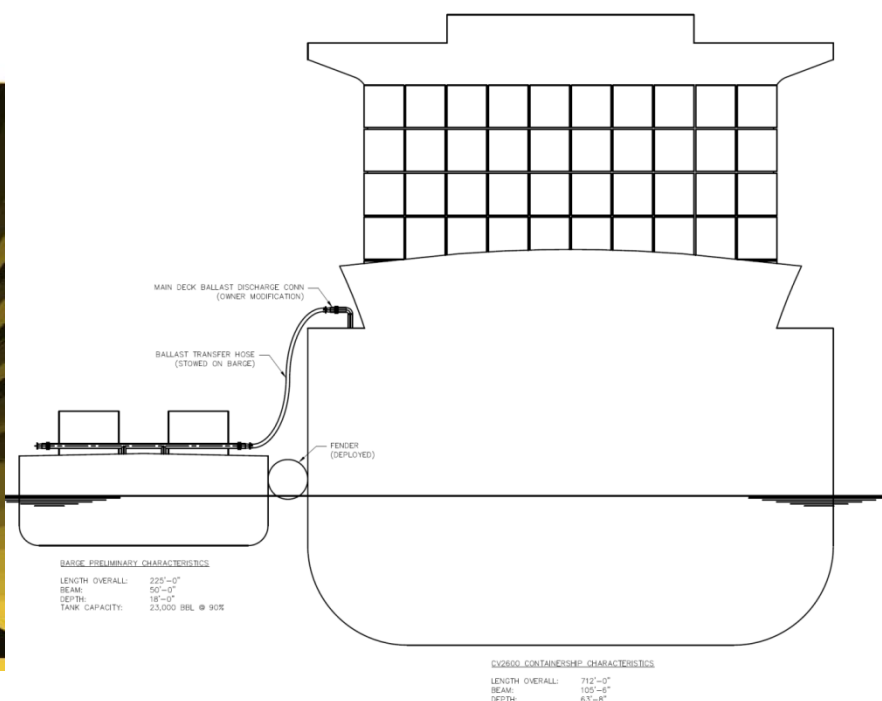
Contingency Measures OPTIONS

Onboard/ In-Tank



Mobile Deployment
Ship's Crew or Shore Team Deploys
Onboard
Dose Tank by Tank

Transfer Off-ship



Transfer Off-ship (Shore, Barge, Ship)
Refit Ship with Deck Connection, or
Attach to Hull
Transfer Ballast for Off-ship Treatment



Contingency Measures – Ballast Responder PARTNERSHIPS

Development Team

National Park Service, U.S. Geological Survey, The Glosten Associates

Collaborators

University of Minnesota, Naval Surface Warfare Center, Michigan Technical University, American Steamship Company, California Maritime Academy

Funding and Project Management

California State Lands Commission, National Parks of Lake Superior Foundation, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, US Maritime Administration, Great Ships Initiative, Great Lakes Fisheries Trust , Legislative-Citizen Commission on Minnesota Resources, Glosten Associates

Ship Platforms

Ranger III, MV Indiana Harbor, and TS Golden Bear

Peer Review

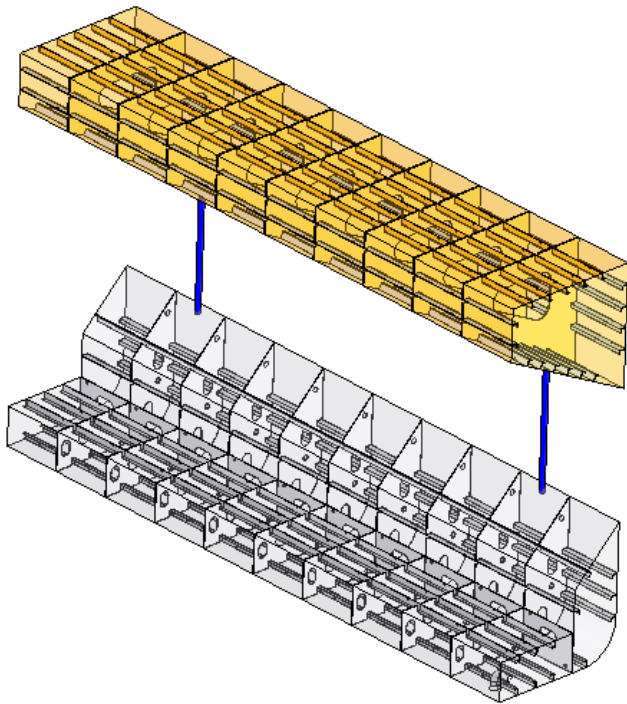
American Salvage Association, U.S. EPA – Great Lakes, U.S. EPA – Region 5, U.S. Coast Guard Cleveland, NOAA, California State Lands Commission, and University of Wisconsin-Superior



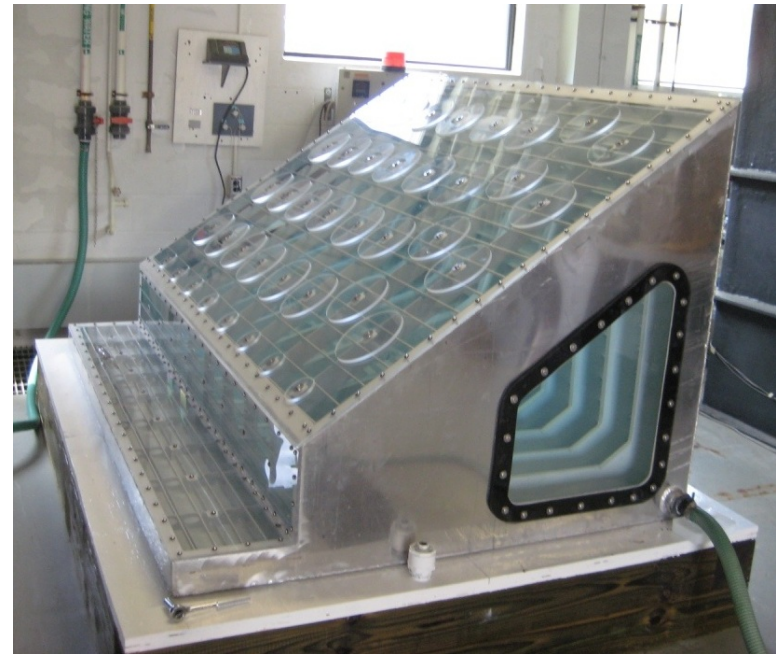
Ballast Responder – Mobile Treatment

DEVELOPMENT TRIALS (LABORATORY AND *MV INDIANA HARBOR*)

CFD Analysis at Naval Surface Warfare Center



Scale Model Development Trials at U.S. Geological Survey, Leetown Science



Analysis Tools

- Established “energy” and time required to mix complex, full ballast water tanks
- Allowed development of core technologies in laboratory settings, ahead of full-scale trials

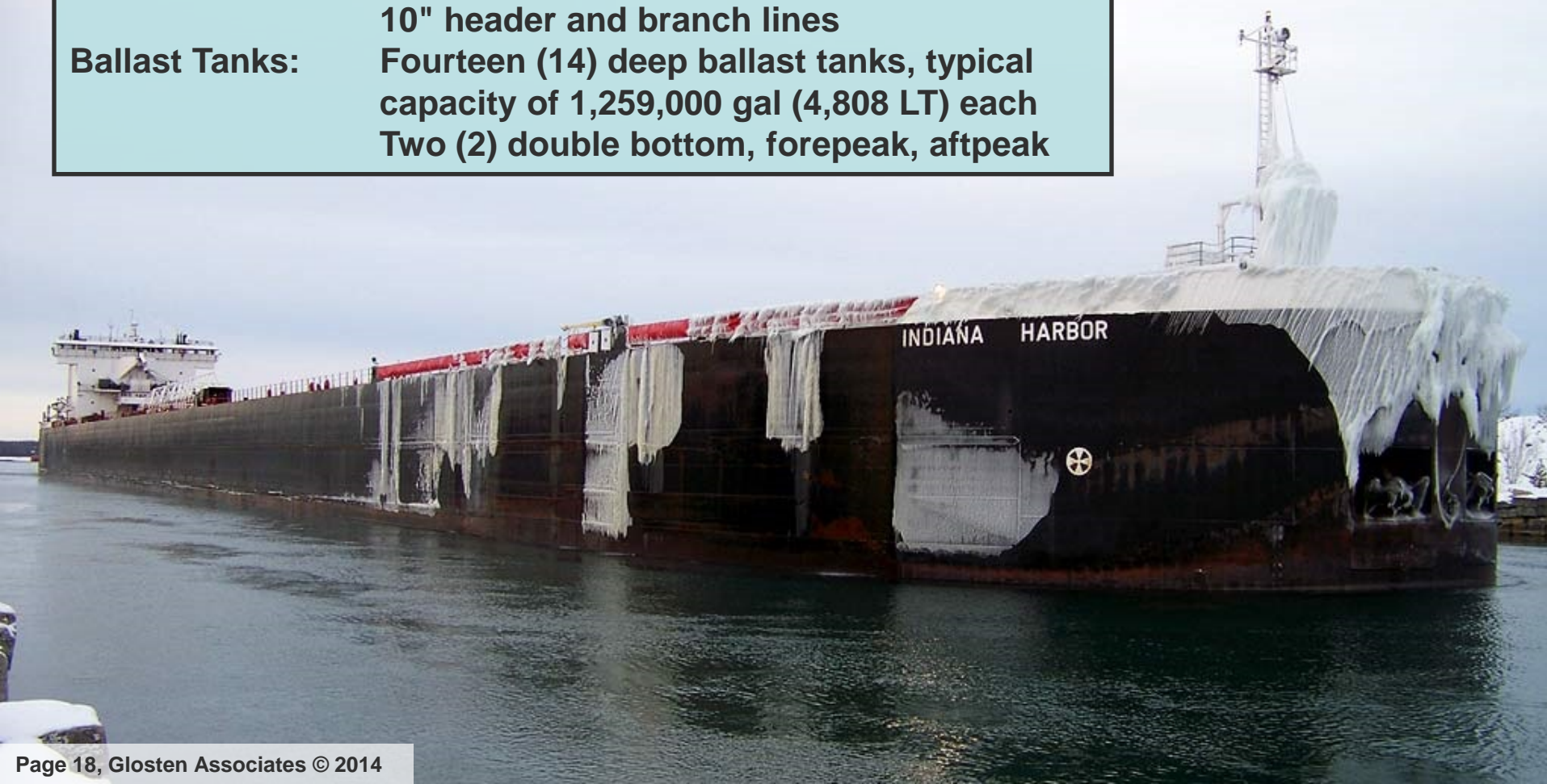


Ballast Responder – Mobile Treatment

DEVELOPMENT TRIALS (LABORATORY AND *MV INDIANA HARBOR*)

Ballast System: Four (4) main pumps at 13,000 gpm each
30" header and 14" branch lines
Two (2) stripping pumps at 4,000 gpm each
10" header and branch lines

Ballast Tanks: Fourteen (14) deep ballast tanks, typical
capacity of 1,259,000 gal (4,808 LT) each
Two (2) double bottom, forepeak, aftpeak





Ballast Responder – Mobile Treatment

Prototype Demonstration – *TS Golden Bear*

Particulars:

Maritime Training Ship, U.S. Flag
Serving California Maritime Academy
499'-10" length overall, 72'-0" beam
42'-0" depth, 30'-3/4" loaded draft
15,821 tons displacement
17,000 shaft horsepower, single screw



Ballast Tanks:

Sixteen (16) active ballast tanks, total capacity of 1,462,973 gal (5,538 LT)



Ballast Responder – Mobile Treatment DEVELOPMENT TRIALS (LABORATORY AND *MV INDIANA HARBOR*)



Prepare Chemicals for FULL Ballast Tanks

Dose One Method



Dose Subsequent Methods



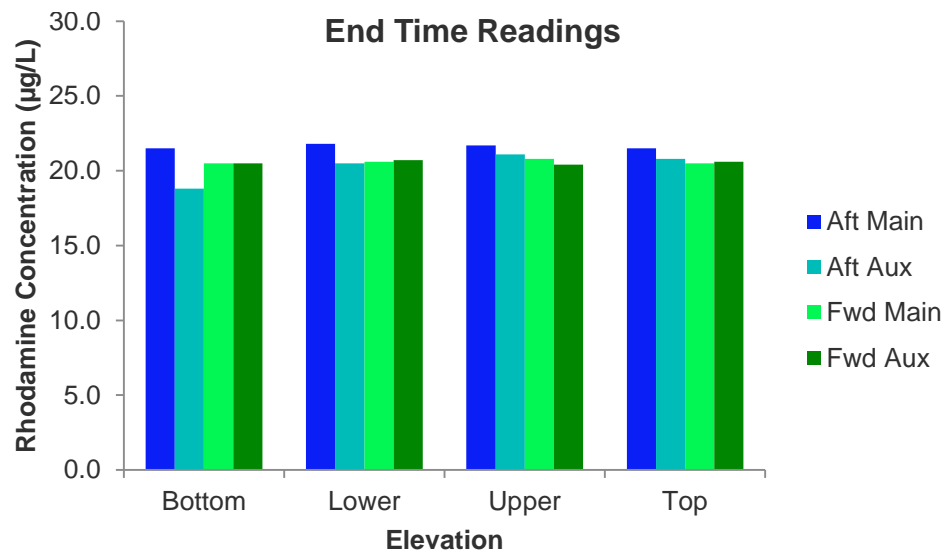
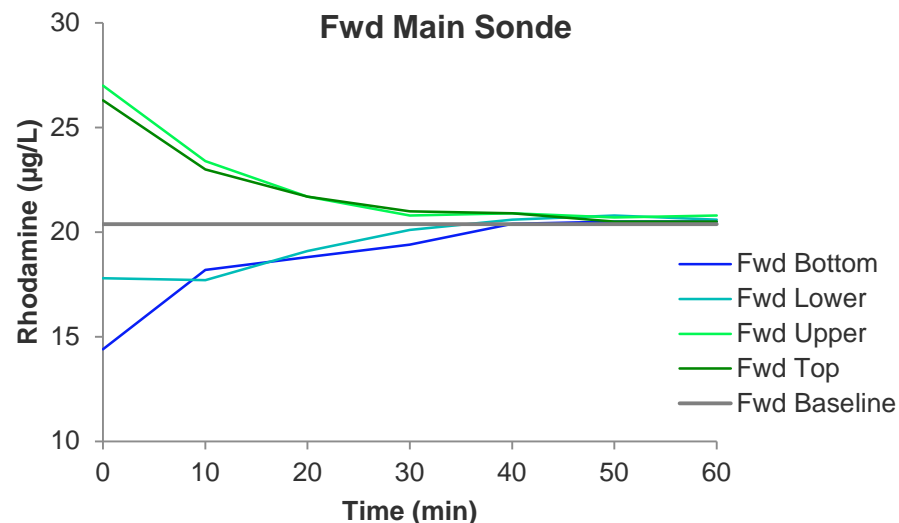


Ballast Responder – Mobile Treatment

PROTOTYPE DEMONSTRATION – TS GOLDEN BEAR

Results

Trial No.				1	Date	
Tank				3-174-2	Volume (tonnes)	
Dye Added (mL)				360	Expected Concentration (µg/L)	
Pre-Trial Aft Conc. (µg/L)				0.0	Pre-Trial Fwd Conc. (µg/L)	
Mixing Pump Start Time				17:48	Dosing Skid Start Time	
Trial Start Time				18:28	Trial Finish Time	
Airlift Start Time				19:41	Airlift Stop Time	
Rhodamine Concentration (µg/L)						
Time (min)	Aft Bottom	Aft Lower	Aft Upper	Aft Top	Fwd Bottom	Fwd Low
0	12.5	25.7	26.6	27.2	14.4	17.0
10	18.6	22.0	23.6	23.0	18.2	17.0
20	19.8	22.1	22.8	22.5	18.8	19.0
30	20.1	22.0	22.5	22.0	19.4	20.0
40	21.1	21.6	21.7	21.9	20.4	20.0
50	21.5	21.7	21.9	21.7	20.5	20.0
60	21.5	21.8	21.7	21.5	20.5	20.0
Auxiliary	18.8	20.5	21.1	20.8	20.5	20.0
Airlift	21.2	21.2	21.2	21.4	20.7	20.0
Aft Airlift Average (µg/L)				21.3	Fwd Airlift Average (µg/L)	

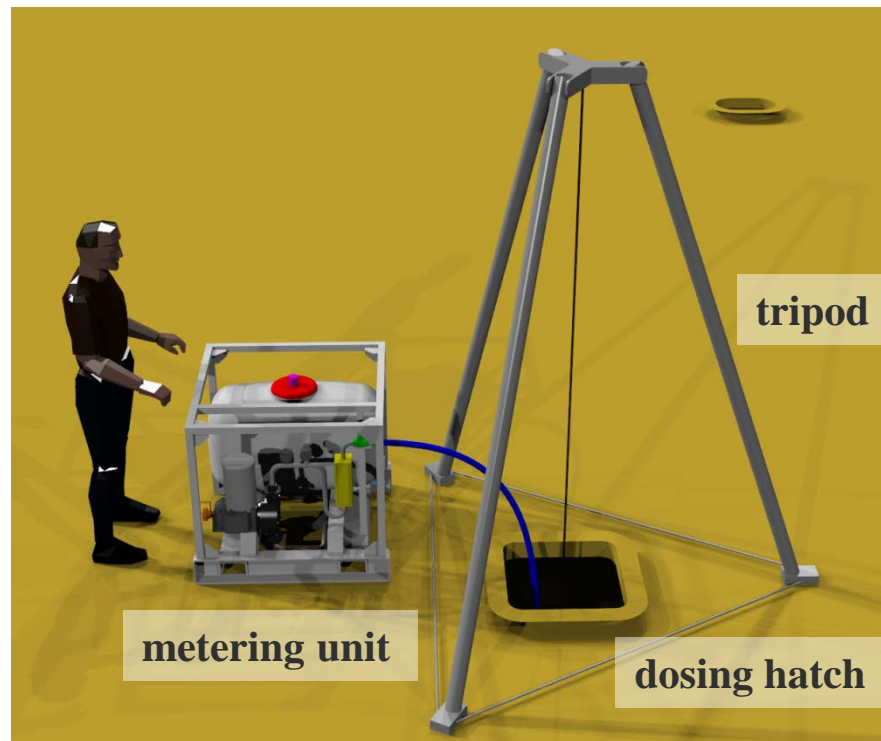




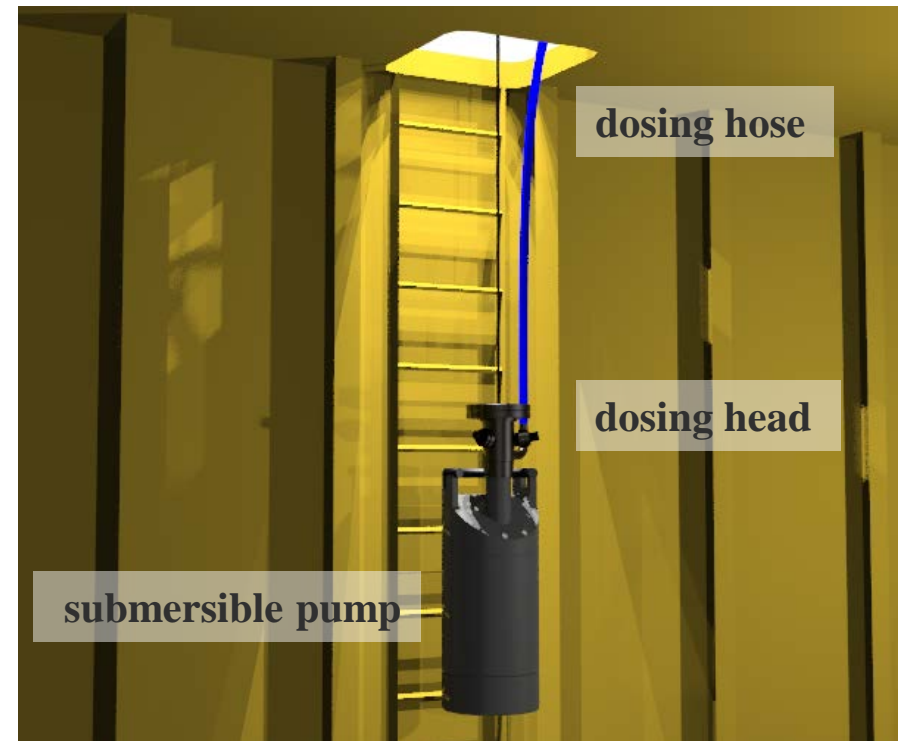
Ballast Responder – Mobile Treatment

PROTOTYPE DEMONSTRATION – TS GOLDEN BEAR

Dosing



Mixing





Ballast Responder – Mobile Treatment

PROTOTYPE DEMONSTRATION – TS GOLDEN BEAR





Ballast Responder – Mobile Treatment

PROTOTYPE DEMONSTRATION – TS GOLDEN BEAR

Findings

- Able to mix large, small, and complex shaped tanks ~45 minutes
- Able to administer chemicals into ballast tanks
- Practical for two people to deploy mobile kit

Next Steps

- Efficacy trials planned for Fall 2014 with Golden Bear Facility funded by California State Lands Commission to establish treatment level for various dose concentration to holding times
- Toxicity testing on NEUTRALIZED effluent
- US West Coast Demonstration Trial (Tanker, Containership, Cruise Ship)
- Great Lakes Demonstration Trial (Bulkers)





Ballast Water Risk Management Summary and Thoughts

