



Royal Netherlands Institute for Sea Research

Testing Ballast Water Technologies

a challenge for marine research in the Netherlands

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outline

- Introduction of *Royal*-NIOZ and history BWT activities
 - Why is NIOZ so unique for land-based testing
 - Collaborating partners
 - Mission of academic research institute in BWT testing
 - Standard-D2, CA and the NIOZ approach
 - Results (Hamann AG, Ecochlor & Hyde-Marine/LAMOR)
 - Future plans
-
- Representing view of NIOZ and not necessary of NA's



Royal Netherlands Institute for Sea Research

Zoological Station



Texel - NIOZ



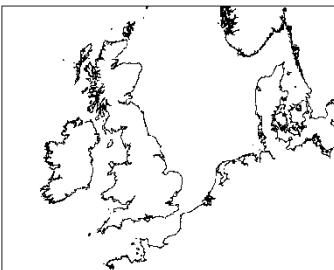
Den Helder - Zoological Station/NIOZ





Why is NIOZ so unique for land-based testing

- testing since 2004; 2007 & 2008 Final/Type Approval tests
- 3 test series for Certification by NA, 16 companies pilot studies
- Tidal system with coastal water varying in salinity (24 – 30 PSU) and turbidity (10 - > 100 mg/l)
- Organisms diversity > 50 different species belonging to numerous genera





Why is NIOZ so unique for land-based testing





Why is NIOZ so unique for land-based testing





Why is NIOZ so unique for land-based testing





Why is NIOZ so unique for land-based testing

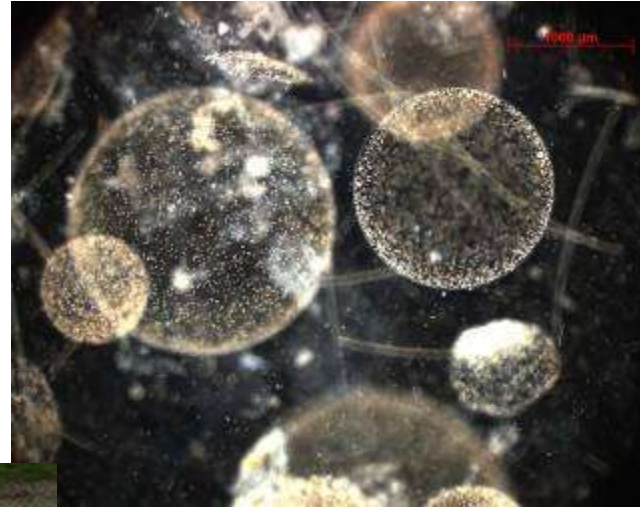






Why is NIOZ so unique for land-based testing

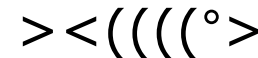
The ultimate challenge:
treating huge blooms of
slimy phytoplankton





Partners

- Bundesamt für Seeschifffahrt und Hydr. German administration
- Marine Coastguard Agency (MCA)
- Dutch Min. Verkeer & Waterstaat (NL),
- Lloyds Register (London, Rotterdam),
- TNO-Imares, AquaSense (toxicology studies),
- VITENS (human pathogens)
- CaTO Marine Ecosystems Research and Manage
- KiTe ARC, GoConsult
- US-Coastguard
- NL-Royal marines
- GSI
- IMO/GESAMP





Mission academic research institute in BWT testing

- Public organization bound to publish all research in international peer reviewed journals
- Developing generic and specific tools and technologies
- Viruses, bacteria, phytoplankton and zooplankton (life stages)
- Holistic approach multiple tools to asses numbers and viability, applying state of the art tools and technologies
- Critical review of G8/G9 and legal aspects,
- Fundaments for future legislation based on acquired data
- Specialized studies of 'silver bullets'



Mission academic research institute in BWT testing

- holistic approach multiple tools to assess numbers and viability
 - Microscopic counts (time consuming)
 - FlowCam; semi-automated (larger organisms)
 - Flow cytometry; automated (smaller organisms), including <math><10\ \mu\text{m}</math> (phytoplankton, bacteria, **viruses**)
- viability of remaining organisms but also vitality of discharged water





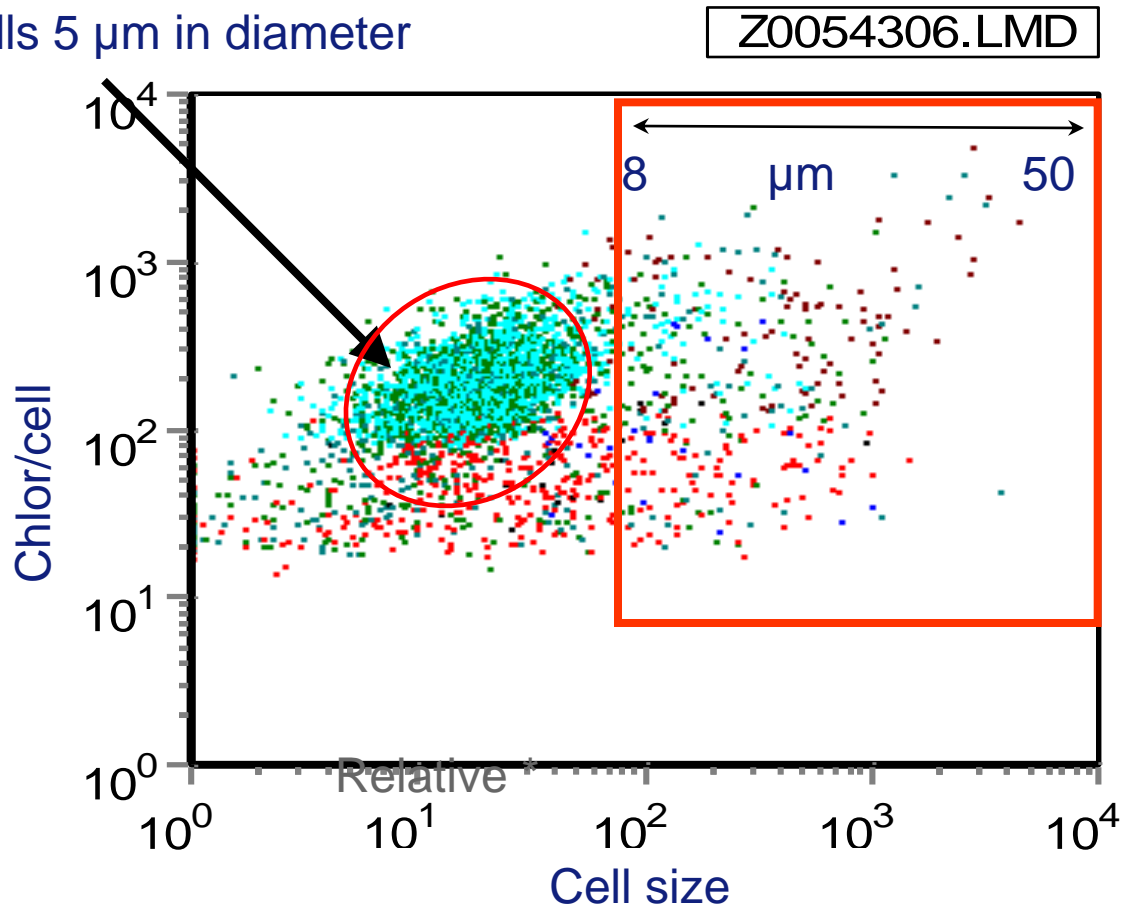
Standard-D2, Ballast water management Act (US), CA-standard and the NIOZ approach

Management approach	IMO Standard-D2	BW management -Act	2008 California Standard	NIOZ	nature
Org. > 50 µm	< 10 viable/m ³	< 0.1 viable/m ³	0 (/m ³ ?)	n.d.	10 ² -10 ⁵ /m ³
Org. 10- 50 µm	<10 viable/mL	< 0.1 viable/mL	< 0.01 viable/mL	n.d.	10-10 ⁴ /mL
Org. < 10 µm (phytoplankton)	-	-	-	n.d.	10-10 ⁶ /mL
Bacteria	-	-	< 10 cfu/mL	-	10 ⁵ -10 ⁸ /mL
viruses	-	-	< 10 ² /mL	-	10 ⁴ -10 ⁸ /mL
n.d.= non-detectable		- = no standard			

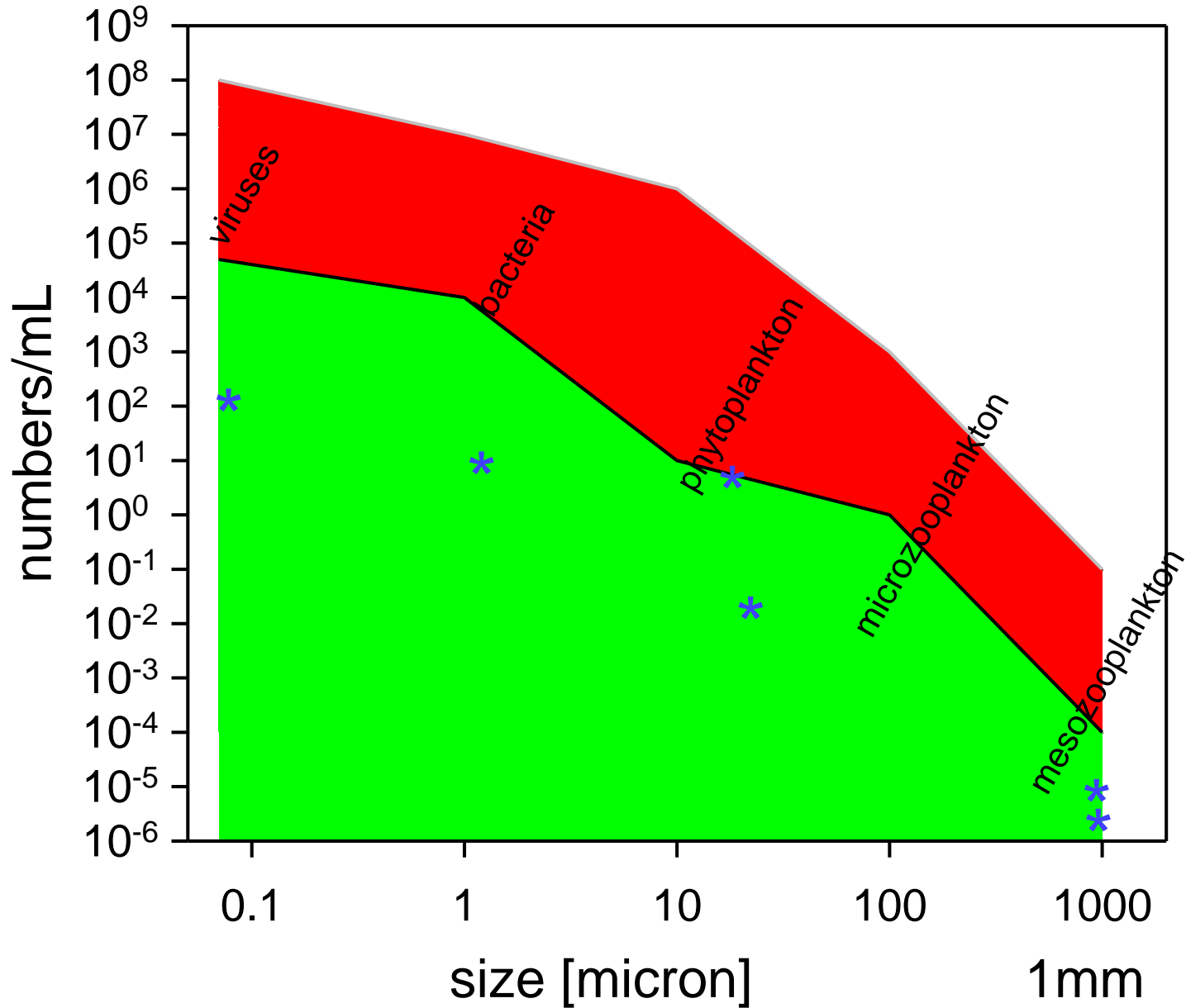


The forgotten fraction: Org. < 10 μm (phytoplankton)

Large number [$\pm 40,000/\text{ml}$]
of phytoplankton cells 5 μm in diameter



A lot more phytoplankton cells than the size range of interests !!!!
Sample before treatment





Results: Interactions with stakeholders

- Intermediate between national administrations/IMO/ industry
- Define protocols for certification; required documentation, conducting land-based testing, data reports (ex/internal review)
- Legal aspects; transparent and sound data to be transferred into legally defensible results
- Trying to harmonize the requirement of different NA (Who is pushing the ON and OFF buttons)

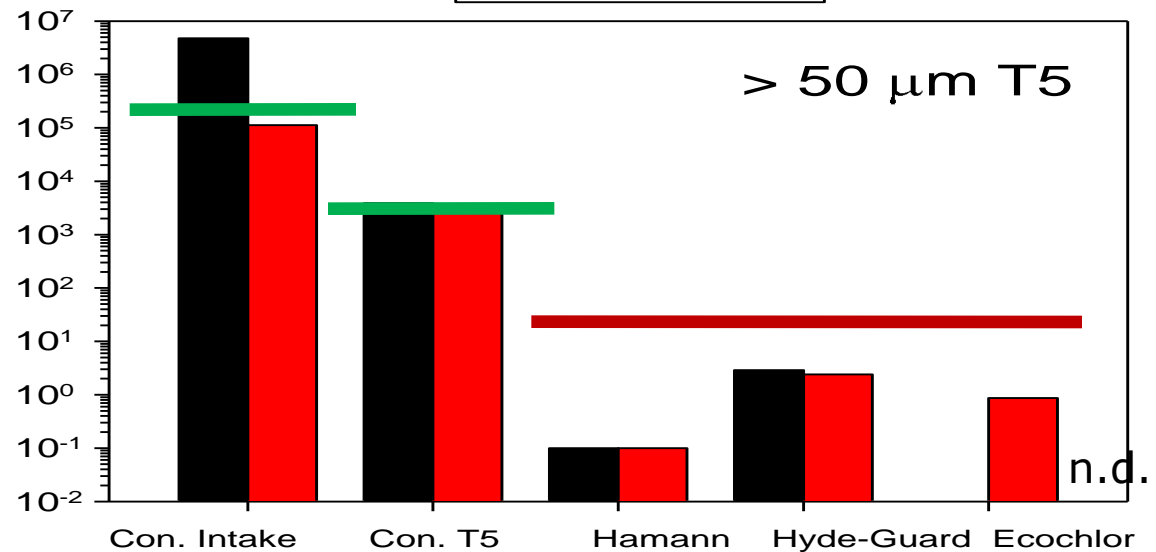
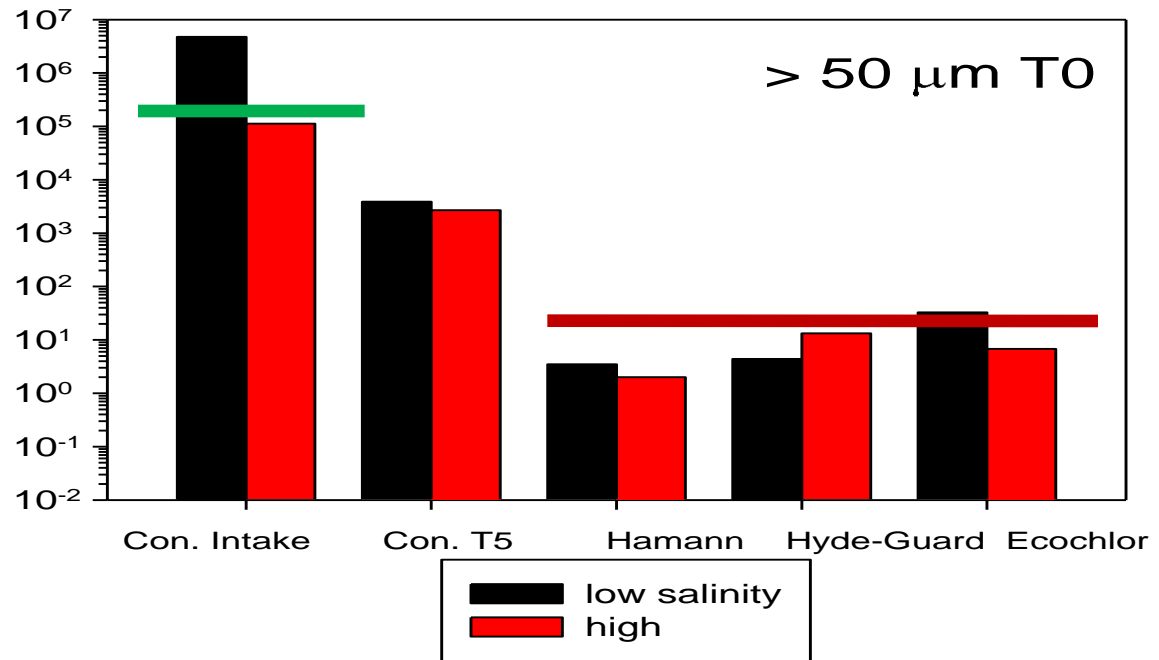


Results: Interactions with stakeholders

- Improve and expand present set of (multiple) test protocols (active substances)
- Compare present standard(s) with current achievements
- legal/statistical aspects of numbers and sample volumes
- (semi)automated analysis
 - TSS,POC,DOC, turbidity, salinity ~ 400 samples
 - Life -microscopy ($> 10 \mu\text{m}$) ~ 120 samples
 - Phytoplankton (PAM, FCM, micro) ~ 500 samples
 - Bacteria (counts, hum. Path.) ~ 500 samples
 - Viruses ~ 250 samples
 - Total ~ **1770 samples**

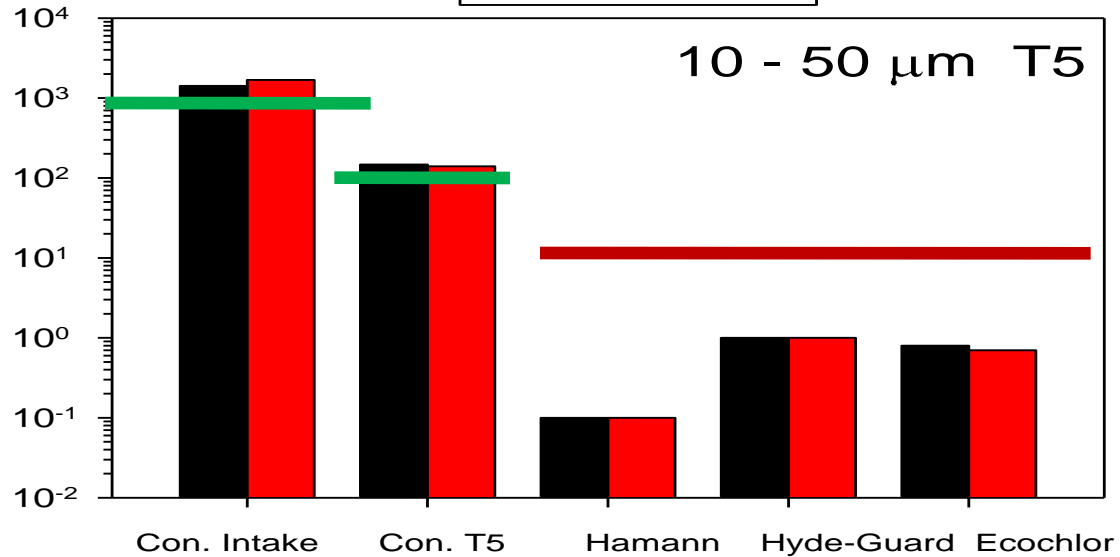
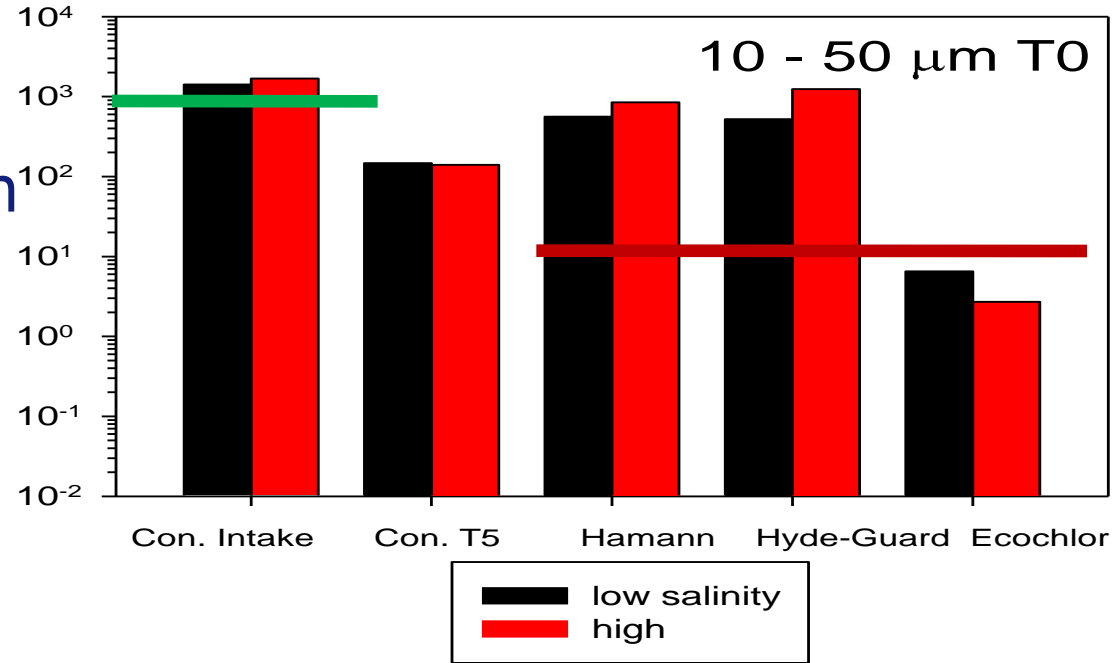


Test results SEDNA-Hamann Hyde-Guardian Ecochlor





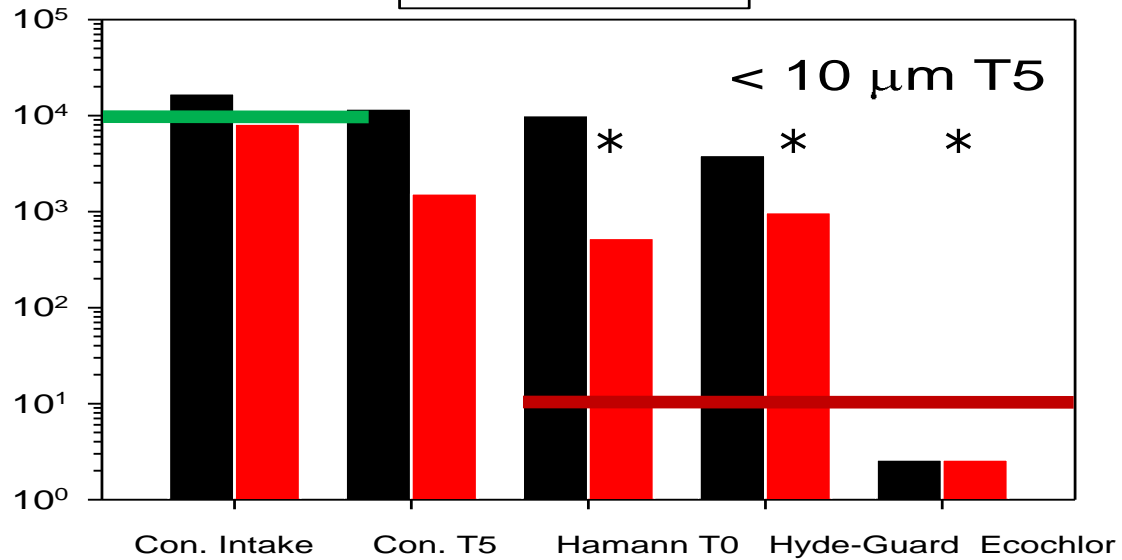
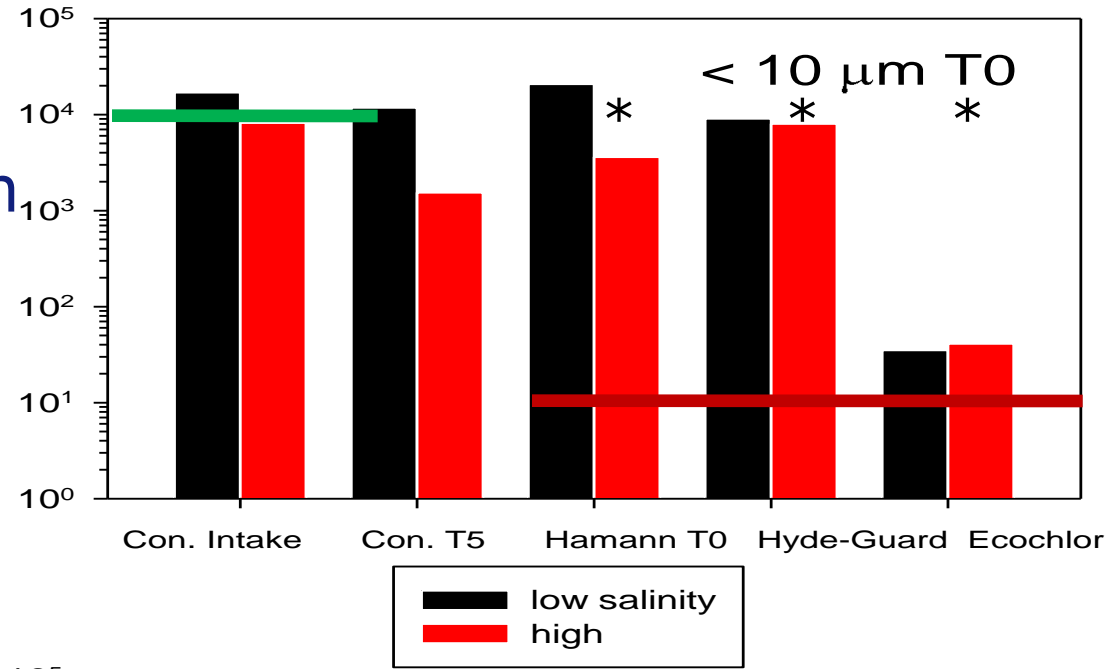
Test results
SEDNA-Hamann
Hyde-Guardian
Ecochlor





Test results SEDNA-Hamann Hyde-Guardian Ecochlor

~ bacteria standard



* = non-viable



Future plans

- Search for (innovative) tools addressing numbers & viability
- Test bed for innovative BWT technologies
- Transfer of academic knowledge into legislative process
- tools for examining efficacy of BWT systems, research regarding tools for compliance enforcement and monitoring (EU-project submitted; EU-Interreg North Sea)



acknowledgements

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*there is no wisdom without
ballast*

