

# FIELD OPERATIONS AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

# **BATHYMETRIC & SIDE SCAN SONAR SURVEY**

# ASSOCIATED PACIFIC CONSTRUCTORS, INC. OFFSHORE MORRO BAY, CALIFORNIA

Survey Period: October 26-27, 2015 Report Number: 23.00007155\_CSLC R0

Prepared for: California State Lands Commission 100 Howe Ave. Suite 100-South Sacramento, CA 95825-8202

Client Reference: 23.00007155

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### I. SURVEY INFORMATION

### 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE WORK PERFORMED

On October 26-27, 2015, Fugro Pelagos, Inc. (Fugro) conducted an offshore bathymetric and side scan sonar survey to document existing surficial seafloor conditions and locate any existing debris and pipelines offshore Morro Bay.

### 2. DATA COLLECTION DATES, TIMES, WEATHER AND SEA STATE DURING OPERATIONS

Daily progress reports (DPRs) were generated for each survey day which included daily events, Quality, Health, Safety, & Environmental (QHSE) summary, weather conditions, hours worked, and any Health, Safety & Environmental (HSE) incidents if incurred. Below is a table describing survey dates and weather conditions, as recorded in the DPRs.

Date	Start Time	End Time	We	ather
10/26/15	8:00am	6:00pm	Winds	5-10KT
			Seas	5-8FT
10/27/15	7:30am	3:10pm	Winds	10KT
			Seas	2-4FT

### 3. CHART OF SURVEY AREA

A chart of the survey tracklines is included at the end of this report.

### 4. SPATIAL INFORMATION RELATED TO SURVEY TRACKLINES

Accompanying and made part of this report is the digital ArcGIS shapefile depicting the survey tracklines.

### 5. NATURE AND LOCATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS ENCOUNTERED

No environmental hazards were encountered during survey operations.

### 6. ACCIDENT, INJURY, DAMAGE TO OR LOSS OF PROPERTY

No accidents or injuries occurred during the operations of the project, and no damages or loss of property was reported.

### 7. OTHER INFORMATION RELATIVE TO THE PERMITTED ACTIVITIES

No other information related to the permitted activities are reported.



## II. BIOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Because the project included offshore surveys using only geophysical equipment operated at a frequency above 200 kHz, and the survey area was within California State Lands Commission (CSLC) jurisdiction, one marine mammal observer was onboard and a copy of the final Marine Wildlife Monitoring Report can be found in Appendix A. In accordance with CSLC regulations, a completed copy of Exhibit H taken from Fugro Geophysical Permit PRC 8391.9 has been completed with acknowledgements and included in Appendix B.



### APPENDICES

- A MARINE WILDLIFE MONITORING REPORT
- B CSLC MITIGATION MONITORING PROGRAM EXHIBIT H
- C SURVEY TRACKPLOT



A MARINE WILDLIFE MONITORING REPORT



October 30, 2015 Project No. 1502-2741

Fugro Pelagos, Inc. 4820 McGrath Street, Suite 100 Ventura, CA 93003-7778

Attention: Ms. Cindy Pratt

Subject: Marine Wildlife Monitoring Report: Fugro Pelagos, Inc., Bathymetric and Surficial Features Survey, offshore of Morro Bay, California

Dear Ms. Pratt:

In accordance with the procedures outlined in the California State Lands Commission (CSLC)-issued Geophysical and Geologic Sampling Permit No. 8391.9, Padre Associates, Inc. (Padre) has prepared this monitoring report for Fugro Pelagos, Inc., (Fugro) to address monitoring activities during the bathymetric and surficial features survey located offshore of Morro Bay, California (Figure 1). This monitoring report summarizes observations made by Padre's onboard marine wildlife observer during the vessel transit to and from the survey area, and during the bathymetric and surficial features survey activities conducted on October 26, 2015 and October 27, 2015.

### Survey Methods and Equipment

The survey utilized side scan sonar and a single beam duel frequency bathymetry system to acquire seafloor images of existing conditions and features with the survey area. The survey was completed in two days onboard Fugro's survey vessel (SV) Julie Ann, a 7.9 meter (m) (26 foot [ft]) survey vessel designed specifically for hydrographic surveying. The survey was conducted within State waters from water depths of approximately 6 to 16 m (20 to 55 ft).

### Marine Wildlife Monitoring Methodology

**Transit Periods.** The survey vessel transited between Morro Bay Harbor and the survey area. During vessel transit, the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS)-approved marine wildlife observer (MWO) was located in the wheelhouse and recorded observations of marine mammals and reptiles (marine wildlife) within an approximately 200 degree arc, centered on the direction of vessel travel.

All vessel transit was completed during daylight hours. Marine wildlife observed while the vessel was transiting were noted on the observer's reporting form (refer to Attachment A: Daily Logs). The vessel operator was informed if marine wildlife was observed in the vessel path, and if a collision with the marine wildlife was imminent.





Figure 1. Survey Area



**Survey Periods**. Once within the survey area and throughout the operational survey period, the MWO continually observed the area surrounding the location of the side scan sonar from the stern or within the wheelhouse of the vessel during survey related activities. The observer utilized 7 X 50 reticular binoculars to observe any approaching marine wildlife within the area surrounding the survey equipment. If marine wildlife were observed approaching the vessel or survey equipment, the vessel operator and survey crew were informed and warned of possible alteration or termination of survey activities. Marine wildlife and any action required were noted on the observer's reporting form (refer to Attachment A: Daily Logs).

**Fishing Gear Clearance.** A fishing gear clearance was conducted prior to the initiation of survey activities within the survey area; the MWO observed and noted if any commercial fishing gear was within the survey area.

### Results

Throughout the survey period a total of 17 hours (hrs) and 11 minutes (mins) of marine wildlife observations were completed. The vessel was in transit for a total of 1 hr and 36 mins, and no marine wildlife were observed during the transit periods. A total of 15 hrs and 35 mins of survey observations were completed during the two day survey period. Four southern sea otters (*Enhydra lutris nereis*), and one California sea lion (*Zalophus californianus*) were observed during survey activities. No negative interaction occurred during survey activities, and no actions were requested from the MWO.

Prior to initiating bathymetric and geophysical data collection, a fishing gear clearance was completed. No fishing gear was observed within the survey area.

Refer to Attachment A: Daily Logs for observer notes during survey activities.

## Conclusions

A total of 17 hrs and 11 mins of marine wildlife monitoring was completed during the entirety of the survey. There were no occasions where it was necessary for the MWO to request implementation of avoidance measures.

Project activities were not delayed or altered due to encroachment by marine wildlife, and no negative effects to marine wildlife were observed. Based on the observations of the MWO, and the cooperative efforts of the Fugro Project team and vessel crew, no negative survey activity or transit-related effects to the marine wildlife were observed during either of the specified phases.



If you should have any questions regarding this monitoring report, please contact me at (805) 786-2650, ext. 30, or by email at jklaib@padreinc.com.

Sincerely,

PADRE ASSOCIATES, INC.

Jennifer Klaib Marine Biologist

Attachment A: Daily Logs

cc: E. Snelling (Padre, San Luis Obispo) S. Poulter (Padre, Goleta)

# ATTACHMENT A

DAILY LOGS



# Daily Log

To: Fugro Pelagos, Inc. Attn: Cynthia Pratt

**From:** Jennifer Klaib

**Date:** October 26, 2015

**Subject:** Marine Mammal Monitoring for Bathymetric and Surficial Features Survey Morro Bay, California

Time	Activity
0758	Departed Morro Bay Harbor
0825	Arrived at survey site. Started fishing gear clearance.
0900	Completed fishing gear clearance. Fishing gear was not observed within
	the survey area.
0940	Deploying single beam.
0943	Turning equipment on. No marine mammals observed in area.
1138	One sea otter observed approximately 200 feet (ft) starboard of vessel.
	Rafting. No signs of distress and no action required.
1340	One sea otter observed approximately 150 ft port of vessel. Rafting. No
	signs of distress and no action required.
1710	End of survey. All equipment off and Recovering equipment
1730	Start transit to Marina del Rey Harbor
1750	Arrived at Marina del Rey Harbor



# Daily Log

To: Fugro Pelagos, Inc. Attn: Cynthia Pratt

**From:** Jennifer Klaib

**Date:** October 27, 2015

**Subject:** Marine Mammal Monitoring for Bathymetric and Surficial Features Survey Morro Bay, California

Time	Activity
0728	Departed Morro Bay Harbor
0752	Arrived at survey site. Started fishing gear clearance.
0802	Completed fishing gear clearance. Fishing gear was not observed within the survey area.
0805	Deploying single beam.
0833	Turning equipment on. No marine mammals observed in survey area.
1138	One sea lion observed approximately 200 feet (ft) port stern of vessel. Slow travel in opposite direction. No signs of distress and no action required.
1300	Two sea otters observed approximately 250 ft port of vessel. Rafting. No signs of distress and no action required.
1435	End of survey. All equipment off and Recovering equipment
1445	Start transit to Marina del Rey Harbor
1510	Arrived at Marina del Rey Harbor



### B CSLC MITIGATION MONITORING PROGRAM EXHIBIT H

Mitigation Monitoring Program

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Mitigation Measure (MM)	Location and Scope of Mitigation	Effectiveness Criteria	Monitoring or Reporting Action	Responsible Party	Timing	Implementation Date(s) and Initials
Air Quality and Gre	enhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions (MND Section 3.3.3)					
Funing, Engine Certification, and Fuels. The ollowing measures	<u>All Counties</u> : Maintain all construction equipment in proper tune according to manufacturers' specifications; fuel all off-road and portable diesel-powered equipment with California Air Resources Board (CARB)-certified motor vehicle diesel fuel limiting sulfur content to 15 parts per million or less (CARB Diesel).	Daily emissions of criteria pollutants during survey activities are minimized.	Determine engine certification of vessel engines. Review engine emissions data to assess compliance, determine if changes in tuning or fuel are required.	OGPP permit holder and contract vessel operator; California State Lands Commission (CSLC) review of	Prior to, during, and after survey activities. Submit Final Monitoring Report	9/28/15 CZP
Program (OGPP), as applicable depending on the county offshore which a survey is being conducted. Pursuant to section 93118.5 of CARB's Airborne Toxic Control Measures, the Tier 2 engine requirement applies only to diesel-fueled vessels.	Los Angeles and Orange Counties: Use vessel engines meeting CARB's Tier 2-certified engines or cleaner; the survey shall be operated such that daily NO <sub>x</sub> emissions do not exceed 100 pounds based on engine certification emission factors. This can be accomplished with Tier 2 engines if daily fuel use is 585 gallons or less, and with Tier 3 engines if daily fuel use is 935 gallons or less. <u>San Luis Obispo County</u> : Use vessel engines meeting CARB's Tier 2-certified engines or cleaner, accomplished with Tier 2 engines if daily fuel use is 585 gallons or less; all diesel equipment shall not idle for more than 5 minutes; engine use needed to maintain position in the water is not considered idling; diesel idling within 300 meters (1,000 feet) of sensitive receptors is not permitted; use alternatively fueled construction equipment on site where feasible, such as compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas, propane or biodiesel. <u>Santa Barbara County</u> : Use vessel engines meeting CARB's Tier 2-certified engines or cleaner, accomplished with Tier 2 engines if daily fuel use is 790 gallons or less.		Verify that Tier 2 or cleaner engines are being used. Calculate daily NO <sub>x</sub> emissions to verify compliance with limitations. Verify that Tier 2 or cleaner engines are being used. Inform vessel operator(s) of idling limitation. Investigate availability of alternative fuels. Verify that Tier 2 or cleaner engines are being used.	Final Monitoring Report.	after completion of survey activities.	9/28/15 CID
	Ventura County: Use alternatively fueled construction equipment on site where feasible, such as compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas, propane or biodiesel.		Investigate availability of alternative fuels. Investigate availability of alternative fuels.			

Mitigation Monitoring Program

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Mitigation Measure (MM)	Location and Scope of Mitigation	Effectiveness Criteria	Monitoring or Reporting Action	Responsible Party	Timing	Implementation Date(s) and Initials
MM BIO-1: Marine Mammal and Sea Turtle Presence – Current Information.	All State waters; prior to commencement of survey operations, the geophysical operator shall: (1) contact the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Long Beach office staff and local whale-watching operations and shall acquire information on the current composition and relative abundance of marine wildlife offshore, and (2) convey sightings data to the vessel operator and crew, survey party chief, and onboard Marine Wildlife Monitors (MWMs) prior to departure. This information will aid the MWMs by providing data on the approximate number and types of organisms that may be in the area.	marine mammals or sea turtles due to survey activities are	Document contact with appropriate sources. Submit Final Monitoring Report after completion of survey activities.	OGPP permit holder; Inquiry to NOAA and local whale watching operators.	Prior to survey.	10/23/15 AK
MM BIO-2: Marine Wildlife Monitors (MWMs).	Except as provided in section 7(h) of the General Permit, a minimum of two (2) qualified MWMs who are experienced in marine wildlife observations shall be onboard the survey vessel throughout both transit and data collection activities. The specific monitoring, observation, and data collection responsibilities shall be identified in the Marine Wildlife Contingency Plan required as part of all Offshore Geophysical Permit Program permits. Qualifications of proposed MWMs shall be submitted to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) and CSLC at least twenty-one (21) days in advance of the survey for their approval by the agencies. Survey operations shall not commence until the CSLC approves the MWMs.	professional monitoring or marine mammals and sea turtles; compliance	Document contact with and approval by appropriate agencies. Submit Final Monitoring Report after completion of survey activities.	OGPP permit holder.	Annual and a second business of	10/24-10/2 11K
MM BIO-3: Safety Zone Monitoring.	Onboard Marine Wildlife Monitors (MWMs) responsible for observations during vessel transit shall be responsible	to survey activities are observed; compliance	Compliance with permit requirements (observers); compliance with established safety zones. Submit Final Monitoring Report after completion of survey activities.	OGPP permit holder.	Prior to survey.	N/A 2200 KHZ 1/K

## Mitigation Monitoring Program

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Mitigation Measure (MM)	Location and Scope of	f Mitigation	Effectiveness Criteria	Monitoring or Reporting Action	Responsible Party	Timing	Implementation Date(s) and Initials
	Equipment Type	Safety Zone (radius, m)					
	Single Beam Echosounder	50					
	Multibeam Echosounder	500					
	Side-Scan Sonar	600					
	Subbottom Profiler	100					
	Boomer System	100					
	above a frequency of 200 kilohertz monitoring and enforcement is not geophysical survey equipment ope or above 200 kHz is used simultand geophysical survey equipment less the safety zone for the equipment less the safety zone for the equipment less the solutioned. The onboard MWMs to stop operations if a mammal or to the specified safety zone and may by survey activities. The MWMs sh to recommend continuation (or cess during periods of limited visibility (i. the observed abundance of marine reevaluation of weather conditions the continuation/cessation recomm completed by the onboard MWMs. an animal's actions are observed to monitor shall have authority to reco- equipment be shut down until the a away from the sound source. If inco- observed, the equipment shall be s restarted and ramped-up to full pow will not be started until the animal(s safety zone or have not been observed the personnel capacity to hold two during survey operations, at least the prior to the commencement of surv Permittee may petition the CSLC to operations with one (1) MWM aboa consider such authorization on a capacity survey operation of survey permitee may petition the consider such authorization on a capacity survey operation on a capacity survey	required; however, if rated at a frequency a eously with than 200 kHz, then ess than 200 kHz mus s shall have authority urtle is observed within be negatively affected hall also have authority sation) of operations e., fog, rain) based or wildlife. Periodic and reassessment of endation shall be During operations, if o be irregular, the minimal moves further egular behavior is shut-off and will be ver, as applicable, or s) is/are outside of the rved for 15 minutes. tilizing vessels that lace (2) MWMs aboard wenty-one (21) days ey activities, the o conduct survey ard. The CSLC will	it n /				

Mitigation Monitoring Program

Mitigation Measure (MM)	Location and Scope of Mitigation	Effectiveness Criteria	Monitoring or Reporting Action	Responsible Party	Timing	Implementation Date(s) and Initials
	factors the CSLC will consider will include the timing, type, and location of the survey, the size of the vessel, and the availability of alternate vessels for conducting the proposed survey. CSLC authorizations under this subsection will be limited to individual surveys and under any such authorization; the Permittee shall update the MWCP to reflect how survey operations will occur under the authorization.					
MM BIO-4: Limits on Nighttime OGPP Surveys.	All State waters; nighttime survey operations are prohibited under the OGPP, except as provided below. The CSLC will consider the use of single beam echosounders and passive equipment types at night on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration the equipment specifications, location, timing, and duration of survey activity.	No adverse effects to marine mammals or sea turtles due to survey activities are observed.	Presurvey request for nighttime operations, including equipment specifications and proposed use schedule. Document equipment use. Submit Final Monitoring Report after completion of survey activities.	OGPP permit holder.	Approval required before survey is initiated. Monitoring Report following comple- tion of survey.	10/26/15- 10/27/15- //K
MM BIO-5: Soft Start.	All State waters; the survey operator shall use a "soft start" technique at the beginning of survey activities each day (or following a shut down) to allow any marine mammal that may be in the immediate area to leave before the sound sources reach full energy. Surveys shall not commence at nighttime or when the safety zone cannot be effectively monitored. Operators shall initiate each piece of equipment at the lowest practical sound level, increasing output in such a manner as to increase in steps not exceeding approximately 6 decibels (dB) per 5- minute period. During ramp-up, the Marine Wildlife Monitors (MWMs) shall monitor the safety zone. If marine mammals are sighted within or about to enter the safety zone, a power-down or shut down shall be implemented as though the equipment was operating at full power. Initiation of ramp-up procedures from shut down requires that the MWMs be able to visually observe the full safety zone.	No adverse effects to marine mammals or sea turtles due to survey activities are observed.	Compliance with permit requirements (observers); compliance with safe start procedures. Submit Final Monitoring Report after completion of survey activities.	OGPP permit holder.	diately	10/26/15- 10/27/15- AK

Mitigation Monitoring Program

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Mitigation Measure (MM)	Location and Scope of Mitigation	Effectiveness Criteria	Monitoring or Reporting Action	Responsible Party	Timing	Implementation Date(s) and Initials
MM BIO-6: Practical Limitations on Equipment Use and Adherence to Equipment Manufacturer's Routine Maintenance Schedule.	<ul> <li>All State waters; geophysical operators shall follow, to the maximum extent possible, the guidelines of Zykov (2013) as they pertain to the use of subbottom profilers and side-scan sonar, including: <ul> <li>Using the highest frequency band possible for the subbottom profiler;</li> <li>Using the shortest possible pulse length; and</li> <li>Lowering the pulse rate (pings per second) as much as feasible.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Geophysical operators shall consider the potential applicability of these measures to other equipment types (e.g., boomer). Permit holders will conduct routine inspection and maintenance of acoustic-generating equipment to ensure that low energy geophysical equipment used during permitted survey activities remains in proper working order and within manufacturer's equipment specifications. Verification of the date and occurrence of such equipment inspection and maintenance shall be provided in the required presurvey notification to CSLC.</li> </ul>	No adverse effects to marine mammals or sea turtles due to survey activities are observed.	Document initial and during survey equipment settings. Submit Final Monitoring Report after completion of survey activities.	OGPP permit holder.	Imme- diately prior to and during survey.	
MM BIO-7: Avoidance of Pinniped Haul-Out Sites.	The Marine Wildlife Contingency Plan (MWCP) developed and implemented for each survey shall include identification of haul-out sites within or immediately	No adverse effects to pinnipeds at haul outs are observed.	Document pinniped reactions to vessel presence and equipment use. Submit Final Monitoring Report after completion of survey activities.	OGPP permit holder.	Monitoring Report following comple- tion of survey.	NA14 10 <del>120/15</del> - 10/27/15 1/K

Mitigation Monitoring Program

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Mitigation Measure (MM)	Location and Scope of Mitigation	Effectiveness Criteria	Monitoring or Reporting Action	Responsible Party	Timing	Implementation Date(s) and Initials
MM BIO-8: Reporting Requirements – Collision.	<ul> <li>All State waters; if a collision with marine mammal or reptile occurs, the vessel operator shall document the conditions under which the accident occurred, including the following:</li> <li>Vessel location (latitude, longitude) when the collision occurred;</li> <li>Date and time of collision;</li> <li>Speed and heading of the vessel at the time of collision;</li> <li>Observation conditions (e.g., wind speed and direction, swell height, visibility in miles or kilometers, and presence of rain or fog) at the time of collision;</li> <li>Species of marine wildlife contacted (if known);</li> <li>Whether an observer was monitoring marine wildlife at the time of collision; and,</li> <li>Name of vessel, vessel owner/operator, and captain officer in charge of the vessel at time of collision.</li> <li>After a collision, the vessel shall stop, if safe to do so; however, the vessel is not obligated to stand by and may proceed after confirming that it will not further damage the animal by doing so. The vessel will then immediately communicate by radio or telephone all details to the vessel's base of operations, and shall immediately report the incident. Consistent with Marine Mammal Protection Act requirements, the vessel's base of operations or, if an onboard telephone is available, the vessel captain him/herself, will then immediately call the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)</li> <li>Stranding Coordinator to report the collision and follow any subsequent instructions. From the report, the</li> <li>Stranding Coordinator, NOAA National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), Southwest Region, Long Beach, to obtain instructions. Although NOAA has primary responsibility for marine mammals in both State and Federal waters, the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) will also be advised that an incident has occurred in State waters affecting a protected species.</li> </ul>	No adverse effects to marine mammals or sea turtles due to survey activities are observed.	Submit Final Monitoring Report after completion of survey activities.	OGPP permit holder.	Monitoring Report following comple- tion of survey.	10/20/15- 10/27/15 1K

Mitigation Monitoring Program

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Mitigation Measure (MM)	Location and Scope of Mitigation	Effectiveness Criteria	Monitoring or Reporting Action	Responsible Party	Timing	Implementation Date(s) and Initials
MM BIO-9: Limitations on Survey Operations in Select Marine Protected Areas (MPAs).	All MPAs; prior to commencing survey activities, geophysical operators shall coordinate with the CLSC, California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW), and any other appropriate permitting agency regarding proposed operations within MPAs. The scope and purpose of each survey proposed within a MPA shall be defined by the permit holder, and the applicability of the survey to the allowable MPA activities shall be delineated by the permit holder. If deemed necessary by CDFW, geophysical operators will pursue a scientific collecting permit, or other appropriate authorization, to secure approval to work within a MPA, and shall provide a copy of such authorization to the CSLC as part of the required presurvey notification to CSLC. CSLC, CDFW, and/or other permitting agencies may impose further restrictions on survey activities as conditions of approval.	No adverse effects to MPA resources due to survey activities are observed.	Monitor reactions of wildlife to survey operations; report on shutdown conditions and survey restart. Submit Final Monitoring Report after completion of survey activities.	OGPP permit holder; survey permitted by CDFW.	survey.	NIA AIL
MM HAZ-1: Oil Spill Contingency Plan (OSCP) Required Information.	<ul> <li>Permittees shall develop and submit to CSLC staff for review and approval an OSCP that addresses accidental releases of petroleum and/or non-petroleum products during survey operations. Permittees' OSCPs shall include the following information for each vessel to be involved with the survey:</li> <li>Specific steps to be taken in the event of a spill, including notification names, phone numbers, and locations of: (1) nearby emergency medical facilities, and (2) wildlife rescue/response organizations (e.g., Oiled Wildlife Care Network);</li> <li>Description of crew training and equipment testing procedures; and</li> <li>Description, quantities, and location of spill response equipment onboard the vessel.</li> </ul>	Reduction in the potential for an accidental spill. Proper and timely response and notification of responsible parties in the event of a spill.	Documentation of proper spill training. Notification of responsible parties in the event of a spill.	OGPP permit holder and contract vessel operator.	survey.	9/28/15 CIP
MM HAZ-2: Vessel fueling restrictions.	Vessel fueling shall only occur at an approved docking facility. No cross vessel fueling shall be allowed.	Reduction in the potential for an accidental spill.	Documentation of fueling activities.	Contract vessel operator.	Following survey.	NA mik 9/28/15 ezp
MM HAZ-3: OSCP equipment and supplies.	Onboard spill response equipment and supplies shall be sufficient to contain and recover the worst-case scenario spill of petroleum products as outlined in the OSCP.	Proper and timely response in the event of a spill.	Notification to CSLC of onboard spill response equipment/supplies inventory, verify	Contract vessel operator.	Prior to survey.	9/28/15

Mitigation Measure (MM)	Location and Scope of Mitigation	Effectiveness Criteria	Monitoring or Reporting Action	Responsible Party	Timing	Implementation Date(s) and Initials
			ability to respond to worst-case spill.			
MM HAZ-1: Oil Spill Contingency Plan (OSCP) Required Information.	Outlined under Hazards and Hazardous Materials (abov	e)				
MM HAZ-2: Vessel fueling restrictions.	Outlined under Hazards and Hazardous Materials (abov	e)				
MM HAZ-3: OSCP equipment and supplies.	Outlined under Hazards and Hazardous Materials (abov	e)				
MM BIO-9: Limitations on Survey Operations in Select MPAs.	Outlined under Biological Resources (above)					
MM REC-1: U.S. Coast Guard (USCG), Harbormaster, and Dive Shop Operator Notification.	All California waters where recreational diving may occur; as a survey permit condition, the CSLC shall require Permittees to provide the USCG with survey details, including information on vessel types, survey locations, times, contact information, and other details of activities that may pose a hazard to divers so that USCG can include the information in the Local Notice to Mariners, advising vessels to avoid potential hazards near survey areas. Furthermore, at least twenty-one (21) days in advance of in-water activities, Permittees shall: (1) post such notices in the harbormasters' offices of regional harbors; and (2) notify operators of dive shops in coastal locations adjacent to the proposed offshore survey operations.	No adverse effects to recreational divers from survey operations.	Notify the USCG, local harbormasters, and local dive shops of planned survey activity. Submit Final Monitoring Report after completion of survey activities.	OGPP permit holder.	Prior to survey.	9/28/15 CAP

Mitigation Monitoring Program

### Mitigation Monitoring Program

Mitigation Measure (MM)	Location and Scope of Mitigation	Effectiveness Criteria	Monitoring or Reporting Action	Responsible Party	Timing	Implementation Date(s) and Initials
MM FISH-1: U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) and Harbormaster Notification.	All California waters; as a survey permit condition, the CSLC shall require Permittees to provide the USCG with survey details, including information on vessel types, survey locations, times, contact information, and other details of activities that may pose a hazard to mariners and fishers so that USCG can include the information in the Local Notice to Mariners, advising vessels to avoid potential hazards near survey areas. Furthermore, at least twenty-one (21) days in advance of in-water activities, Permittees shall post such notices in the harbormasters' offices of regional harbors.	No adverse effects to commercial fishing gear in place.	Notify the USCG and local harbormasters of planned survey activity. Submit Final Monitoring Report after completion of survey activities.	OGPP permit holder.	Prior to survey.	a 128/15 C2P
MM FISH-2: Minimize Interaction with Fishing Gear.	To minimize interaction with fishing gear that may be present within a survey area: (1) the geophysical vessel (or designated vessel) shall traverse the proposed survey corridor prior to commencing survey operations to note and record the presence, type, and location of deployed fishing gear (i.e., buoys); (2) no survey lines within 30 m (100 feet) of observed fishing gear shall be conducted. The survey crew shall not remove or relocate any fishing gear; removal or relocation shall only be accomplished by the owner of the gear upon notification by the survey operator of the potential conflict.	No adverse effects to commercial fishing gear in place.	Visually observe the survey area for commercial fishing gear. Notify the gear owner and request relocation of gear outside survey area. Submit Final Monitoring Report after completion of survey activities.	OGPP permit holder.	Imme- diately prior to survey (prior to each survey day).	10/26/15- 10/27/15 1/L
MM FISH-1: USCG and Harbormaster Notification.	Outlined under Commercial and Recreational Fisheries (above)					

Acronyms/Abbreviations: CARB = California Air Resources Board; CDFW = California Department of Fish and Wildlife; CSLC = California State Lands Commission; dB = decibels; kHz = kilohertz; MPA = Marine Protected Area; MWCP = Marine Wildlife Contingency Plan; MWM = Marine Wildlife Monitor; m= meter(s); NOAA = National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration; NO<sub>x</sub> = Nitrogen Oxide; OGPP = Offshore Geophysical Permit Program; OSCP = Oil Spill Contingency Plan; USCG = U.S. Coast Guard



C SURVEY TRACKPLOT

Associated Pacific Constructors, Inc. Project No. 23.00007155



